



ADDITIONAL DECLARATIONS FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Additional declarations on phytosanitary certificates for exports to the European Union as required in Article 71.2 of the Plant Health Regulation (EU) 2016/2031. The phytosanitary requirements for import of plants, plant products into The Netherlands are based on Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072.

All plants and plant products have to be free from EU and NL quarantine pests. Plants for Planting also have to be free from Regulated Non-Quarantine Pests (RNQPs). Plants and plant products destined for Protected Zones in the EU have to be free from Protected Zones Quarantine pests (PZ-Qs).

Quarantine pests

Quarantine pests are defined by Quarantine status and can be found at:

Quarantine status	Abbr.	Legislation	Link to Register
EU Quarantine pests	EU-Q	EU 2019/2072 ANNEX II part A and B	Register Q-organismen Voorschrift NVWA
NL Quarantine pests	NL-Q	National Plant Health Law	
Protected Zone Quarantine pests	ZP-Q	EU 2019/2072 ANNEX III	
Regulated non-quarantine pests	RNQP	EU 2019/2072 ANNEX V	Register Regulated non-quarantine pests (RNQP's) Voorschrift NVWA

This checklist explains for which of the above pests additional declarations are needed on the phytosanitary certificate.

Requirements and additional declarations

The list of plants, plant products and other objects, originating from third countries, and the corresponding special requirements for their introduction into the Union territory is set out in Annex VII of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 (based on Article 71.2 of the Plant Health Regulation (EU) 2016/2031)

Only those additional declarations that contain **alternative options for meeting import requirements** are mentioned in this checklist. Details of the chosen option must appear in the Additional Declaration box of the Phytosanitary Certificate accompanying the consignment. Reference must be made to annex VII of Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2019/2072 (including the relevant position), as well as the **required minimal additional declaration text** as it should appear on the certificate (see bold text in the additional declaration document). The same approach has to be followed for Additional Declarations mentioned in other Commission Implementing Decisions.

NOTE: In Annex V and VII of (EU) 2019/2072 phytosanitary requirements without alternative options are also described. Although these requirements have to be fulfilled, they do not have to be mentioned as additional declaration.

Overview of latest changes/additions

Version	Date	Content changed or added
3.106	7-5-2026	Updated Botswana, Tunisia place of production free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> item (60c)
3.105	6-5-2026	Updated Israel country freedom <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> (72.1)
3.104	1-4-2026	Added a small instruction to item (58b) for <i>Xanthomonas</i> pest free area Brasil Added a small correction in item (62d) for <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> Added abbreviations for Q-organisms on page 1

How to use these pages and annexes

1. For details on 'Plants for planting', check the document "Additional Declarations other than Fruits and Vegetables".
2. Open the table for the specific product
3. Check whether the product is listed; if not, choose another table
4. Choose the origin, be as specific as possible

Definitions for 'Origin':

Origin	Means
Third countries	Any country outside the European Union
Non-European countries	Any country outside Europe
... countries, other than A	The requirement is not valid for country A. The requirement for country A is listed elsewhere
Countries recognized as being free from X	The <i>countries</i> that are mentioned are officially recognized by the EU as being free from X
Areas recognized as being free from X	The <i>areas</i> that are mentioned are officially recognized by the EU as being free from X
... countries where X is known to occur ...	This requirement depends on the pest status for organism X in the country of origin (to be determined by the country of origin). If pest X is absent, this declaration need not be present on the certificate at all. The requirement is shaded in yellow

¹ The EU officially recognizes a number of countries, or areas within a country, as free from a specific organism. These countries and areas are listed in the table. In those cases the additional declaration indicating the 'country free from ...' can only be used if the country is listed. The same goes for areas: The additional declaration indicating the 'area free from ...' can only be used if the area is listed **and** mentioned on the certificate. It is not obligated to choose the number that is communicated to the Commission

5. BOTH the full reference text (including the number)(see the column Required additional declaration full text reference, as it should appear on the certificate) and the text (see column Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate) shall be mentioned on the certificate. An example:
in case 28a is chosen, the text should be: Consignment complies with Annex VII, point **28 a** of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072, originate in a country free from *Liriomyza sativae* and *Nemorimyza maculosa*

6. In the column 'Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate' the different possible declarations are shown, divided by 'or'; One of these declarations should be mentioned on the certificate (e.g. 65 a **or** 65 b or 65 c or 65 d)
7. In some cases more than one additional declaration applies (e.g. 65 c; as well as 28 a **or** 28 b)

Example: Fruits of Citrus origin third country

The certificate should read:

Consignment complies with Annex VII, point **58 a** of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

or it should read:

Consignment complies with Annex VII, point **58 b** of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

Besides this, the certificate should *also* read:

Consignment complies with Annex VII, point **61 a** of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

or it should read:

Consignment complies with Annex VII, point **61 b** of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

In the documentary check the emphasis is on the position (**58 a** or **58 b**, **61 a** or **61 b**)

In case more than one declaration should be present, they can be listed as:

Consignment complies with Annex VII, point **59 a**, and point **61 a** of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072

8. The full text of the content of the declaration is mentioned in the column tables '**Required minimal additional declaration full text(see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate**'

9. Emergency measures

For the product or group of products:

Fruits of *Citrus*, including *Citrus aurantium*

For products mentioned above an emergency measure, temporary measure, derogation (e.g. dispensation from an import ban), or other, has been put in place by the EU. In some of these regulations an additional declaration is needed, next to the general obligations. In these cases the additional declaration can be put either with reference to the position only (the same as in the general regulation) or in full writing. In the tables for each product the options are mentioned. In case of full writing, the inspector, upon import, may demand a translation from the importer, due to control considerations. Certificate may be drawn up in any of the official languages of the EU. However, an inspector can not be expected to master all these languages. Therefore the inspector can request a translation from the importer, either on specific elements (e.g. the AD) or on the certificate as a whole.

10. [TABLES](#) with information provided by non-EU-countries on phytosanitary import requirements

11. The scientific names of products and organisms mentioned on the certificate should be written conform the official notation.

12. Besides the official English notation (EU) 2019/2072, the following notations are also accepted:

2019/.../CE

2019/.../EU.

13. All treatments must be communicated by letter to the EU and mentioned with treatment data on the certificate

14. Text in SMALL CAPS and underlined: this is a link to a specified table in the document; use Ctrl+click

15. Yellow marked text: in this version added or changed

16. Yellow and ~~striked-out~~ text: in this version striked out, in next version deleted

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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Annona

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
<p>See African countries African Countries:</p> <p>See Asian countries Asian countries:</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.2a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie a: Country freedom have been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>List of Countries recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.2b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie b: Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p><i>Area freedom have been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>List of Areas recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.2c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p>	<p>(72.2a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.2b) The fruits originate in an area as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.2c) No signs of <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examinations, signs of <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i></p> <p>or</p>

	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.2d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned at certificate</i></p> <p><i>-Systems approach or post-harvest treatment have been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>List of Communicated treatment against Bactrocera dorsalis</p>	<p>(72.2d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i></p>
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Asparagus officinalis other than stems covered during their entire life by soil

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Third countries other than Switzerland	<p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Name of the area mentioned on the certificate under 'Place of Origin'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p>	<p><i>These requirements apply from 1st of September 2023</i></p> <p>(a) The plants originate from a country where <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> is not known to occur;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) The plants originate from an area free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, as established by the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) concerned, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 4; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin';</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) Prior to export the plants have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin; (ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the last three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified plants; (iii) It has physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) Information ensuring traceability of the specified plants to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; <p>or</p>

	<p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 e of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Treatment data is mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(d) Prior to their export the plants have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and they originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) It is registered and supervised by the NPP0 in the country of origin; (ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified plants; (iii) The specified plants have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) Information ensuring the traceability of the specified plants to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; <p>or</p> <p>(e) The plants have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and that treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Apium graveolens

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Third countries	Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 28 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 28 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072	(28a) The leafy vegetables originate in a country free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i> or (28b) Immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i>

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Capsicum other than Capsicum annum

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Third countries other than Switzerland	<p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Name of the area mentioned on the certificate under 'Place of Origin'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p>	<p><i>These requirements apply from 1st of July 2023</i></p> <p>(a) The fruits originate from a country where <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> is not known to occur;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) The fruits originate from an area free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, as established by the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) concerned, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 4; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin';</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) Prior to export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin; (ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the last three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits; (iii) It has physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) Information ensuring traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; <p>or</p> <p>(d) Prior to their export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and they originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p>

	<p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 e of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Treatment data is mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin;</p> <p>(ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits;</p> <p>(iii) The specified fruits have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>;</p> <p>(iv) Information ensuring the traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(e) The fruits have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and that treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
<p>Countries of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius and Israel</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Country of Origin mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>LIST OF FREE AREAS THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p>	<p>(62a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or</p> <p>(62b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or</p> <p>(62c) The fruits</p> <p>(i) Originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from</p>

	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 PRODUCTION SITES RECOGNIZED AS BEING FREE FROM THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Place of production code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 PRODUCTION SITES RECOGNIZED AS BEING FREE FROM THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS and <i>Systems approach or post-harvest treatment and production site codes are mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p><i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 10, and which is included in the list of place of production codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) Have been subjected to official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season and prior to export, including a visual examination with an intensity to enable at least the detection of a 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms, and have been found to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i></p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the place of production codes</p> <p>or</p> <p>(62d) The fruits</p> <p>(i) Have been produced in an approved site of production, which is included in the list of production site codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) Have been subjected to an effective systems approach to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, in accordance with the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 14, or an effective stand-alone post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, provided that the respective systems approach used or the post-harvest treatment, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness, have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin and that post-harvest treatment has been assessed by the European Food Safety Authority</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) Prior to export, have been subjected to official inspections for the presence of <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, with an intensity to enable at least the</p>
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		<p>detection of 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iv) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the production site codes and mentions the details of the post-harvest treatment used, or the use of the systems approach.</p>
<p>Australia New Zealand North America South America Central America</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie a: Country freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i> LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLI</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLI</p> <p><i>Optie b: Area freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie c : Traceability code is mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p>	<p>(67a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i>,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(67c) The fruits originate in a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export,</p> <p>or</p>

	<p>Optie d: Traceability code is mentioned on the certificate</p>	<p>(67d) The fruits originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export,</p>
<p>Bolivia Colombia Ecuador Peru and United States</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie a: Area freedom has been communicated to the Commission Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' Areas recognized as being free from Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie b: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned on the certificate -Systems approach or post-harvest treatment has been communicated to the Commission</i></p>	<p>(68.1a) The fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(68.1b) The fruits originate in a place of production as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> and official inspections and surveys have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(68.1c) The fruits originate in a site of production with a physical isolation, against the introduction of <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> , on the basis of official inspections carried out during the two months prior to export,</p> <p>or</p> <p>68.1d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p>

	Communicated treatment against Prodiplosis longifila	
Belize Costa Rica Dominican Republic El Salvador French Polynesia Guatemala Honduras Jamaica Mexico Nicaragua Panama Puerto Rico United States where <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> is known to occur	Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i> or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Place of production mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i>	(72a) The fruits originate in an area... free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> , established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (72b) The fruits originate in a place of production ... , established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano , in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the two months prior to export, at the place of production and its immediate vicinity.
See African countries African Countries: See Asian countries Asian countries:	Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie a: Country freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i> Countries recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie b: Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i> <i>Area freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i> Areas recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera</i>	(72.1a)The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> or (72.1b) The fruits originate in an area as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i>

	<p>latifrons</p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned at certificate</i> -Systems approach or post-harvest treatment has been communicated to the Commission Communicated treatment against Bactrocera latifrons</p>	<p>or (72.1c) No signs of <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examinations, signs of <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or (72.1d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p>
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Capsicum annum

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
<p>Third countries other than Switzerland</p>	<p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Name of the area mentioned on the certificate under 'Place of Origin'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p>	<p><i>These requirements apply from 1st of July 2023</i></p> <p>(a) The fruits originate from a country where <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> is not known to occur;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) The fruits originate from an area free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, as established by the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) concerned, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 4; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin';</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) Prior to export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin; (ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the last three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits; (iii) It has physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) Information ensuring traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; <p>or</p> <p>(d) Prior to their export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and they originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p>

	<p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 e of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Treatment data is mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin;</p> <p>(ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits;</p> <p>(iii) The specified fruits have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>;</p> <p>(iv) Information ensuring the traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(e) The fruits have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and that treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
<p>Countries of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius and Israel</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Country of Origin mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p>	<p>(62a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or</p> <p>(62b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or</p>

	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 PRODUCTION SITES RECOGNIZED AS BEING FREE FROM THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Place of production code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 PRODUCTION SITES RECOGNIZED AS BEING FREE FROM THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and</p>	<p>(62c) The fruits</p> <p>(i) Originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 10, and which is included in the list of place of production codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) Have been subjected to official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season and prior to export, including a visual examination with an intensity to enable at least the detection of a 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms, and have been found to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i></p> <p>and</p> <p>(iii) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the place of production codes</p> <p>or</p> <p>(62d) The fruits</p> <p>(i) Have been produced in an approved site of production, which is included in the list of production site codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) Have been subjected to an effective systems approach to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, in accordance with the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 14, or an effective stand-alone post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, provided that the respective systems approach used or the post-harvest treatment, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness, have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin and that post-harvest treatment has been assessed by the European Food Safety Authority</p>
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	<p>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>and Systems approach or post-harvest treatment and production site codes are mentioned on the certificate</p>	<p>and</p> <p>(iii) Prior to export, have been subjected to official inspections for the presence of <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, with an intensity to enable at least the detection of 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms</p> <p>and</p> <p>(iv) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the production site codes and mentions the details of the post-harvest treatment used, or the use of the systems approach.</p>
<p>Australia New Zealand North America South America Central America</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLI</p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLI</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p>	<p>(67a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or (67b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or (67c) The fruits originate in a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031</p> <p>or (67d) The fruits originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free</p>

	<p>and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</p>	<p>from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.</p>
Third countries	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS</p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and</p>	<p>(68a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or (68b) The fruits originate in an area ...established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or (68c) The fruits originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from of <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or (68d) The fruits originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and</p>

	Traceability code mentioned on the certificate	information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
Bolivia Colombia Ecuador Peru And United States	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie a: Area freedom has been communicated to the Commission Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' Areas recognized as being free from Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie b: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned at certificate -Systems approach or post-harvest treatment has been communicated to the Commission Communicated treatment against Prodiplosis longifila</i></p>	<p>(68.1a) The fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(68.1b) The fruits originate in a place of production as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> and official inspections and surveys have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(68.1c) The fruits originate in a site of production with a physical isolation, against the introduction of <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> , on the basis of official inspections carried out during the two months prior to export,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(68.1d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p>

<p>Belize Costa Rica Dominican Republic El Salvador French Polynesia Guatemala Honduras Jamaica Mexico Nicaragua Panama Puerto Rico United States where <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> is known to occur</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Place of production mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p>	<p>(72a) The fruits originate in an area... free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i>, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration',</p> <p>or</p> <p>(72b) The fruits originate in a place of production ..., established in the country of origin by the national plant protection organisation in that country, as being free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and declared free from <i>Anthonomus eugenii</i> Cano on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the two months prior to export, at the place of production and its immediate vicinity.</p>
<p>See African countries African Countries:</p> <p>See Asian countries Asian countries:</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie a: Country freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i> Countries recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie b: Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i> <i>Area freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i> Areas recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point</p>	<p>(72.1a)The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.1b) The fruits originate in an area as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.1c) No signs of <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> have been observed at the place of</p>

	<p>72.1c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned at certificate</i></p> <p><i>-Systems approach or post-harvest treatment has been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Communicated treatment against Bactrocera latifrons</p>	<p>production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examinations, signs of <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.1d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p>
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Carica papaya

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
<p>See African countries African Countries:</p> <p>See Asian countries Asian countries:</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.2a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie a: Country freedom have been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Countries recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.2b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie b: Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p><i>Area freedom have been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Areas recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.2c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.2d</p>	<p>(72.2a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.2b) The fruits originate in an area as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.2c) No signs of <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examinations, signs of <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i></p> <p>or</p>

	<p>of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned at certificate</i></p> <p><i>-Systems approach or post-harvest treatment have been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Communicated treatment against <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i></p>	<p>(72.2d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i></p>
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

FRUITS OF CITRUS, FORTUNELLA, MICROCITRUS, NARINGI, PONCIRUS, SWINGLEA, and THEIR HYBRIDS

How to use these pages and annexes

- * **58 a, 59 a, 60 a, 61 a, 62 a, 62.1 a, 66 a, 64 a, 65 a, 63 a**
Country free from (see **list by link**)
- * **58 b, 59 b, 60 b, 61 b, 62 b, 62.1 b, 66 b, 64 b, 65 b, 63 b**
PFA: pest free area mentioned on the certificate (see **list by link**)
- * **58 c, 60 c, 62 c, 62.1 c**
PFPP: pest free place of production mentioned on the certificate (see **list by link**)
- * **60 d, 62 d, 62.1 d**
production site and traceability code mentioned on the certificate (see **list by link**)
- * **58 d**
treatment and traceability code mentioned on the certificate (see **list by link**)
- * **62 d**
systems approach or post-harvest treatment mentioned on the certificate (see **list by link**)
- * **61 d, 66 d, 64 d, 65 d, 63 d**
treatment mentioned on the certificate (see **list by link**)
- * **58 e**
additional declaration: the fruits originate in a site of production subjected to appropriate treatments against *Xanthomonas citri* pv. *citri* and *Xanthomonas citri* pv. *aurantifolii*, carried out at the appropriate time *and* the traceability code mentioned on the certificate
- * **60 e**
additional declaration: the fruits originate in a site of production subjected to appropriate treatments against *Phyllosticta citricarpa* carried out at the appropriate time *and* the traceability code mentioned on the certificate
- * **62.1 d**
treatment and traceability code mentioned on the certificate (see **list by link**)
additional cold treatment mentioned on the certificate (see **list by link**)
record of cold treatment during transport

Table of information provided by non-EU-countries on phytosanitary import requirements: see page 2 point 12

The traceability code should be mentioned under Additional Declarations, or as part of description of the consignment.

ADDITIONAL DECLARATION PER COUNTRY

The African continent other than: Botswana, Egypt, Ghana, Morocco, Mozambique, Senegal, South Africa, Tunisia, Zimbabwe, Cape Verde, La Reunión, Madagascar, Mauritius and Saint Helena

Phytosanitary use	Product	Required additional declaration full reference text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate. See also explanation of the points and articles
Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus sinensis	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* 62.1 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c*
Industrial processing	Citrus	(EU) 2019/2072

<p>other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i></p>	<p>58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)</p>
<p><i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 61 c* 62 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)</p>
<p><i>Citrus sinensis</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* 62.1 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)</p>
<p><i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c*</p>
<p><i>Microcitrus</i> <i>Naringi</i> <i>Swinglea</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e*</p>

Third countries other than the African continent and other than Argentina, Australia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, India, Israel, Jamaica, Japan, Lebanon, Mexico, Moldova, New Zealand, Peru, Republic of North Macedonia, Serbia, South Korea, Thailand, Türkiye, Ukraine, United Kingdom, United States, Uruguay, Uzbekistan and Vietnam

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> , <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e*

Argentina

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) and 58 d* (only X.c.pv. citri) 59 a* 61 a (for Citrus limon only) or 61 c* 60b or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Annex I of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/632
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) and 58 d* (only X.c.pv. citri) 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) and 58 e* (only X.c.pv. citri) 59 a* 61 a (for Citrus limon only) or 61 c* 60b or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Article 6 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/632 and 'Fruits destined exclusively for industrial processing'
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) and 58 e* (only X.c.pv. citri) 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e*

Australia

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 b* or 60 c* or 60 d* 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 b* or 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 b* or 61.c* or 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 b* or 61.c* or 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

Bosnia Herzegovina

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e*

Brazil

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* 58 d* 59 a* 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Annex II of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/632 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 c* 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Article 6 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/632 and 'Fruits destined exclusively for industrial processing'
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 b* or 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e*

Botswana

Phytosanitary use	Product	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate see also explanation of the points and articles
Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a 60 b*, 60 c* or 60 d* 61 d* 62 d* see EU list of registered production sites
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a 61 d* 62 d* see EU list of registered production sites
	Citrus sinensis	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a 60 b* or 60 d* 61 d* 62.1 d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a 60 b* or 60 d* 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* or 58 e* 59 a 60 b* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 d* 62 d* see EU list of registered production sites

	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	
	<i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* or 58 e* 59 a 61 d* 62 d* see EU list of registered production sites
	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* or 58 e* 59 a 60 b* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 d* 62.1 d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* or 58 e* 59 a 60 b* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 d*
	<i>Microcitrus</i> <i>Naringi</i> <i>Swinglea</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* or 58 e*

Cape Verde, La Reunión, Madagascar, Mauritius and Saint Helena

Phytosanitary use	Product	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate see also explanation of the points and articles
Fresh fruit for all purposes	<i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	<i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* 62.1 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c*
	<i>Microcitrus</i> <i>Naringi</i> <i>Swinglea</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c*
Industrial processing	<i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c*

<i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
<i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* 62.1 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c*
<i>Microcitrus</i> <i>Naringi</i> <i>Swinglea</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e*

China

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) or 58 d* (only X.c.pv. citri) 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) or 58 d* (only X.c.pv. citri) 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) or 58 d* (only X.c.pv. citri)
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072* 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) or 58 e* (only X.c.pv. citri) 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) or 58 e* (only X.c.pv. citri) 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) or 58 e* (only X.c.pv. citri)

Chile

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a

Colombia

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* (61 a* for <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i>) or 61 c* or 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* (61 a* for <i>Citrus latifolia</i>) or 61 c* or 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a

Costa Rica

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a

Dominican Republic

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. citri) or 58 d* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 59 a* 60 a* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. citri) or 58 d* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 59 a* 61 c*
	Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. citri) or 58 d* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 59 a* 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. citri) or 58 d* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii)

Ecuador

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a

Egypt

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c* or 61.d* 62 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c* or 61.d* 62 a*
	Citrus sinensis	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c* or 61.d* 62.1 a*
	Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

	Fortunella Poncirus	59 a* 60 a* 61 c* or 61.d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

Ghana

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 c* 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus sinensis	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* 62.1 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c*
Industrial processing	Citrus	(EU) 2019/2072

<p>other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i></p>	<p>58 c* or 58 e* 59 c* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)</p>
<p><i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c* 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)</p>
<p><i>Citrus sinensis</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* 62.1 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)</p>
<p><i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c*</p>
<p><i>Microcitrus</i> <i>Naringi, Swinglea</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e*</p>

Guatemala

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

India

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c* or 61 d*
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	Poncirus	
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c* or 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e*

Israel

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d* 62 b* see EU list of registered areas or 62 d* see EU list of Approved sites of production See EU list of post-harvest treatment/systems approach
	Citrus sinensis	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d* 62.1 d* (62.1 d) Production site or Production site code and The consignment complies with Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/1659
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d* 62 b* see EU list of registered areas
	Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

Jamaica

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

Japan

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 60 a* 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 60 a* 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium	(EU) 2019/2072

	Citrus latifolia	58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e*

Lebanon

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

Mexico

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d* (<i>only for Citrus. paradisi, C. sinensis, C. reticulata</i>)
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 b* or 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

Moldova

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 a* 61 a*
Industrial processing	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c*
	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072* 58 c* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium	(EU) 2019/2072

	<i>Citrus latifolia</i>	58 c*
	<i>Microcitrus</i>	59 a*
	<i>Naringi</i>	61 a*
	<i>Swinglea</i>	(EU) 2019/2072
		58 c*

Morocco

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	<i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 a* 62 a*
	<i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 a* 62 a*
	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 a* 62.1 a*
	<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 a*
	<i>Microcitrus</i> <i>Naringi</i> <i>Swinglea</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

Mozambique

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c* 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus sinensis	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* 62.1 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

<i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	59 c* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* 62 c* or 61.d*
Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c*
Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c* 61 c* 62 c* or 61.d*
Citrus sinensis	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* 62.1 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c*
Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

New Zealand

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

Peru

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c* or 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

Republic of North Macedonia

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e*

Senegal

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantium</i> , <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 d* 59 c 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* 62.1 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 d*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus aurantium	(EU) 2019/2072

	<i>Citrus latifolia</i>	58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 c 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* 62.1 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c*
	<i>Microcitrus</i> <i>Naringi</i> <i>Swinglea</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e*

Serbia

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e*

South Africa

<p>Fresh fruit for all purposes</p>	<p>Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Annex III of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/ 632 see EU list of registered areas For the list of PUC codes (Citrus Black Spot) check: https://app.phytclean.co.za/cbstraceabilityreport/index 61 c* or 61 d* 62 d* see EU list of registered production sites</p>
	<p>Fortunella Poncirus</p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d* 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Annex III of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/ 632 see EU list of registered areas For the list of PUC codes (Citrus Black Spot) check: https://app.phytclean.co.za/cbstraceabilityreport/index</p>
	<p>Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia</p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d* 62 d* see EU list of registered production sites</p>
	<p>Citrus sinensis</p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Annex III of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/ 632 see EU list of registered areas For the list of PUC codes (Citrus Black Spot) check: https://app.phytclean.co.za/cbstraceabilityreport/index 61 c* or 61 d* 62.1 d* see EU list of registered production sites</p>

	<p><i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d* 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Annex III of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/ 632 see EU list of registered areas For the list of PUC codes (Citrus Black Spot) check: https://app.phytclean.co.za/cbstraceabilityreport/index</p>
	<p><i>Microcitrus</i> <i>Naringi</i> <i>Swinglea</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*</p>
Industrial processing	<p><i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Article 6 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU)2022/632 and 'Fruits destined exclusively for industrial processing' see EU list of registered areas For the list of PUC codes (Citrus Black Spot) check: https://app.phytclean.co.za/cbstraceabilityreport/index 61 c* or 61 d* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)</p>
	<p><i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d* 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Article 6 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU)2022/632 and 'Fruits destined exclusively for industrial processing' see EU list of registered areas For the list of PUC codes (Citrus Black Spot) check: https://app.phytclean.co.za/cbstraceabilityreport/index</p>
	<p><i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i></p>	<p>(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists</p>

		<u>of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)</u>
	<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d* 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Article 6 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU)2022/632 and 'Fruits destined exclusively for industrial processing' <u>see EU list of registered areas</u> For the list of PUC codes (Citrus Black Spot) check: https://app.phytclean.co.za/cbstraceabilityreport/index
	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Article 6 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU)2022/632 and 'Fruits destined exclusively for industrial processing' <u>see EU list of registered areas</u> For the list of PUC codes (Citrus Black Spot) check: https://app.phytclean.co.za/cbstraceabilityreport/index 61 c* or 61 d* 62.1 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (<u>see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites</u>)
	<i>Microcitrus</i> <i>Naringi</i> <i>Swinglea</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

South Korea

Fresh fruit for all purposes	<i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 a*
	<i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d*

		59 a* 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e*

Swaziland (Kingdom of Eswatini)

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* or 61 d* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* or 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists)

		<u>of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)</u>
	Citrus sinensis	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* or 61 d* 62.1 d <u>see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites</u>
	Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c* or 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* or 61 d* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (<u>see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)</u>)
	Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* or 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c* 62 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (<u>see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)</u>)
	Citrus sinensis	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* or 61 d*

		62.1 a or b or c or d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c* or 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

Thailand

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus	(EU) 2019/2072

	Naringi Swinglea	58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e*
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Tunesia

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 b* , 60 c* or 60 d* 61 a* 62 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 a* 62 a*
	Citrus sinensis	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 b* 61 a* 62.1 a*
	Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

Türkiye

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

United Kingdom (applicable to the territory of Great Britain)

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing including into juice	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a

United States

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 58 b* (only X.c.pv. citri) or 58 d* (only X.c.pv. citri) 59 a* 60 b* or 60 c* or 60 d* 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 58 b* (only X.c.pv. citri) or 58 d* (only X.c.pv. citri) 59 a* 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 58 b* or (only X.c.pv. citri) or 58 d* (only X.c.pv. citri)
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 58 b* (only X.c.pv. citri) or 58 e* (only X.c.pv. citri) 59 a* 60 b* or 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 58 b* (only X.c.pv. citri) or 58 e* (only X.c.pv. citri) 59 a* 61 b* or 61 c* or 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58a* (only X.c.pv. aurantifolii) 58 b* (only X.c.pv. citri) or 58 e* (only X.c.pv. citri)

Ukraine

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 59 c 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* 58 e* 59 c 60 c* or 60 d* or 60 e* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e* 59 c 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 e*

Uruguay

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d* 60b or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Annex IV of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/632
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d*
Industrial processing other than juice	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d* 60b or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Article 6 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/632 and 'Fruits destined exclusively for industrial processing'
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a* 61 c* or 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e*

Uzbekistan

Fresh fruit for all purposes Industrial processing including into juice	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 60 a* 61 a*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 a* 61 a*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a

Vietnam

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a 60 a* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* 59 a 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a 60 a* 61 c*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e* 59 a 61 c*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 c* or 58 d* or 58 e*

Zimbabwe

Fresh fruit for all purposes	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 60 c* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Annex V of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/632 61 c* or 61 d* 62 d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Annex V of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/632 61 c* or 61 d*
	<i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 61 c* or 61 d* 62 d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c* 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Annex V of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/ 632 61 c* or 61 d* 62.1 d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Annex V of Commission Implementing Regulation

		(EU) 2022/632 61 c* or 61 d*
	Microcitrus Naringi Swinglea	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*
Industrial processing	Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus limon</i> <i>Citrus sinensis</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 'The consignment complies with Article 6 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/632 and 'Fruits destined exclusively for industrial processing 61 c* or 61 d* 62 d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Fortunella Poncirus	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Article 6 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/632 and 'Fruits destined exclusively for industrial processing' 61 c* or 61 d*
	Citrus aurantium Citrus latifolia	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c 61 c* or 61 d* 62 d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus sinensis	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c* 60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Article 6 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/632 and 'Fruits destined exclusively for industrial processing' 61 c* or 61 d* 62.1 d must be communicated to the Commission (see EU lists of registered Countries, areas, places or production sites)
	Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a* 59 c

		60 b* or (EU) 2022/632 The consignment complies with Article 6 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2022/632 and 'Fruits destined exclusively for industrial processing 61 c* or 61 d*
	<i>Microcitrus</i> <i>Naringi</i> <i>Swinglea</i>	(EU) 2019/2072 58 a*

EXPLANATION OF THE POINTS AND ARTICLES

	Additional declaration (as it should appear on the certificate)	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
(EU) 2019/2072 Citrus, Fortunella, Poncirus, Microcitrus, Naringi, Swinglea and their hybrids		
58	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 58 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 List of free countries Xanthomonas citri</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 58 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and <i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i> LIST OF FREE AREAS XANTHOMONAS CITRI</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 58 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and <i>Place of production mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 58 d of Commission</p>	<p>(58a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free of <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(58b) the fruits originate in an area ...established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(58c) the fruits originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al. in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration',</p> <p>or</p>

<p>Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and Treatment mentioned on the certificate; LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</p> <p>or Fruit for industrial processing Consignment complies with Annex VII, 58 e of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and on the individual packages: The fruits are destined for industrial processing</p> <p>and</p>		<p>(58d) the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al., and the fruits have been subjected to a treatment with sodium orthophenylphenate, or another effective treatment mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and the treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, and official inspections carried out at appropriate times prior to export have shown that the fruits are free from symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al., and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or (58e) in the case of fruits destined for industrial processing, official inspections prior to export have shown that the fruits are free from symptoms of <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al., and the site of production and the immediate vicinity are subject to appropriate treatments and cultural practices against <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i> (Schaad et al.) Constantin et al. and <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (Hasse) Constantin et al., and movement, storage and processing takes place under conditions, approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, and the fruits have been transported in individual packages bearing a label, which contains a traceability code and the indication that the fruits are destined for industrial processing</p>
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	Traceability code mentioned on the certificate	and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
(EU) 2019/2072 Citrus, Fortunella, Poncirus and their hybrids		
59	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 59 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Country mentioned on the certificate; List of free countries Pseudocercospora angolensis</p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, 59 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' List of free areas Pseudocercospora angolensis</p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, 59 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p>	<p>(59a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or (59b) the fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or (59c) no symptoms of <i>Pseudocercospora angolensis</i> (T. Carvalho & O. Mendes) Crous & U. Braun have been observed in the site of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and none of the fruits harvested in the site of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, symptoms of this pest.</p>
(EU) 2019/2072 Citrus other than <i>Citrus aurantium</i> and <i>Citrus latifolia</i>, Fortunella, Poncirus and their hybrids		
60	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 60 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and Country mentioned on the certificate; List of countries free of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i></p>	<p>(60a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p>

	<p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, 60 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i> List of areas free of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, 60 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Place of production mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, 60 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p>	<p>or (60b) the fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or (60c) the fruits originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and the fruits are found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa by official inspection of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standards,</p> <p>or (60d) the fruits originate in a site of production subjected to appropriate treatments and cultural measures against <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa, and official inspections have been carried out in the site of production during the growing season since the beginning of the last cycle of vegetation, and no symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) van der Aa have been detected in the fruits, and the harvested fruits from that site of production are found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa during an official inspection prior to export, of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standards</p>
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	<p>and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</p> <p>or In the case of fruit destined for industrial processing Consignment complies with Annex VII, 60 e of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Appropriate treatment mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or (60e) in the case of fruits destined for industrial processing, the fruits have been found free of symptoms of <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa prior to the export during an official inspection of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standards,</p> <p>and a statement that the fruits originate in a site of production subjected to appropriate treatments against <i>Phyllosticta citricarpa</i> (McAlpine) Van der Aa carried out at the appropriate time of the year to detect the presence of the pest concerned is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration',</p> <p>and movement, storage and processing takes place under conditions, approved in accordance with the procedure referred to in Article 107 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>and the fruits have been transported in individual packages bearing a label, which contains a traceability code and the indication that the fruits are destined for industrial processing</p> <p>and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.</p>
<p>(EU) 2019/2072 <i>Citrus, Fortunella, Mangifera, Poncirus</i> and their hybrids, <i>Prunus</i></p>		
<p>61</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES TEPHRITIDAE</p> <p>or</p>	<p>(61a) the fruits originate in a country recognised as free from <i>Tephritidae</i> as referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II, to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p>

	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS TEPHRITIDAE</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p>	<p>(61b) the fruits originate in an area ... established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Tephritidae</i> as referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II, to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(61c) no signs of <i>Tephritidae</i> as referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II, to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs of the relevant pest</p> <p>and</p> <p>information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(61d) the fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Tephritidae</i> as referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II, to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>
<p>(EU) 2019/2072 <i>Capsicum, Citrus (other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia, Citrus limon, Citrus sinensis</i>), Prunus persica and Punica granatum</i> originating in countries of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius and Israel</p>		
<p>62</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p>	<p>(62a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with the relevant</p>

	<p>LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Country of Origin mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 Places of production recognized as being free from Thaumatotibia leucotreta and <i>Place of production code mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or</p> <p>(62b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or</p> <p>(62c) The fruits</p> <p>(i) Originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 10, and which is included in the list of place of production codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) Have been subjected to official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season and prior to export, including a visual examination with an intensity to enable at least the detection of a 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms, and have been found to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i></p>
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	<p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF APPROVED sites of production</p> <p>and LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>and <i>Systems approach or post-harvest treatment and production site codes are mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>and (iii) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the place of production codes</p> <p>or (62d) The fruits (i) Have been produced in an approved site of production, which is included in the list of production site codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>and (ii) Have been subjected to an effective systems approach to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, in accordance with the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 14</p> <p>or Have been subjected to an effective stand-alone post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, provided that the respective systems approach used or the post-harvest treatment, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness, have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin and that post-harvest treatment has been assessed by the European Food Safety Authority</p> <p>and (iii) Prior to export, have been subjected to official inspections for the presence of <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, with an intensity to enable at least the detection of 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms</p> <p>and (iv) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the production site codes and mentions the details</p>
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		of the post-harvest treatment used, or the use of the systems approach.
(EU) 2019/2072 Citrus sinensis originating in countries of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius and Israel		
62.1	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62.1 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Country of Origin mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62.1 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62.1 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 PLACES OF PRODUCTION RECOGNIZED AS BEING FREE FROM THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Place of production code mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(62.1a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or</p> <p>(62.1b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or</p> <p>(62.1c) The fruits</p> <p>(i) Originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 1, and which is included in the list of place of production codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) Have been subjected to official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season and prior to export, including a visual examination with an intensity to enable at least the detection of a 2 %</p>

	<p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62.1 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 List of approved sites of production and <i>Production site codes are mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>and <i>Systems approach and cold treatment (set temperature, duration) are mentioned on the certificate.</i> <i>Note: exact number of days and exact Temperature wil be accepted</i></p> <p>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>or <i>Systems approach and cold treatment (set temperature, duration) are mentioned on the certificate.</i> <i>Note: exact number of days and exact Temperature wil be accepted</i> <i>Note: cold treatment during transport needs to be recorded</i></p>	<p>level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms, and found to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i></p> <p>and (iii) Are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the place of production codes</p> <p>or (62.1d) The fruits: (i) Have been produced in an approved site of production, which is included in the list of production site codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>and (ii) Have been subjected to an effective systems approach, which includes a cold treatment of 0 °C to – 1 °C for at least 16 days, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 14 and ISPM 42, provided that the cold treatment has been documented and checked for each consignment by the exporting third country and the systems approach, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness, have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or - An effective systems approach in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 14, which includes a precooling step of the pulp of the fruit to the temperature of the cold treatment applied,</p>
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	<p>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>or</p> <p><i>Post-harvest treatment mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p>	<p>followed by that cold treatment for at least 20 days at a set temperature between -1 °C and +2 °C, provided that the precooling step and the cold treatment have been documented and checked for each consignment by the exporting third country, and provided that the systems approach, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness, have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - An effective stand-alone post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, provided that that post-harvest treatment, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin and has been assessed by the European Food Safety Authority <p>and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (iii) Prior to export have been subjected to official inspections for the presence of <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, with an intensity to enable at least the detection of a 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms, <p>and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (iv) Are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the production site codes, mentions details of the post-harvest treatment used or the use of the systems approach together with the set temperature used and the duration of the cold treatment applied in that systems approach; <p>and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (v) In case the cold treatment has been applied during transport, in addition to the phytosanitary certificate,
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		records on the application of the treatment have been kept and made available upon request
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Malus

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Canada Mexico United States	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS GRAPHOLITA PACKARDI</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>and <i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(63a) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(63b) The fruits originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(63c) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>

<p>Third countries</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BOTRYOSPHAERIA KUWATSUKAI</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BOTRYOSPHAERIA KUWATSUKAI</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>and <i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(64a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(64b) The fruits originate in an area ... established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned to the Commission,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(64c) The fruits originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest</p> <p>and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(64d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned to the Commission.</p>
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<p>Third countries</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES ANTHONOMUS QUADRIGIBBUS</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS ANTHONOMUS QUADRIGIBBUS</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>and Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</p>	<p>(65a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(65b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(65c) The fruits originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(65d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>
<p>Third countries</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 66 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES GRAPHOLITA PRUNIVORA</p>	<p>Official statement that the fruits:</p> <p>(66a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the</p>

	<p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 66 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS GRAPHOLITA PRUNIVORA</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 66 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 66 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>and <i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or (66b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or (66c) The fruits originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest(s), including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest(s)</p> <p>and information on traceability is included in the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or (66d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita prunivora</i> (Walsh), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Heinrich) and <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i> (Walsh) and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Mangifera

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Third countries	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES TEPHRITIDAE <i>OPTIE A: COUNTRY FREEDOM IS COMMUNICATED TO THE COMMISSION</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS TEPHRITIDAE <i>OPTIE B: AREA FREEDOM IS COMMUNICATED TO THE COMMISSION</i></p> <p><i>Optie b: Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie c: Traceability code is mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU)</p>	<p>(61a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as free from <i>Tephritidae</i> referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II, to which those fruits are known to be susceptible</p> <p>or</p> <p>(61b) The fruits originate in an area as being free from <i>Tephritidae</i> referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II, to which those fruits are known to be susceptible,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(61c) no signs of <i>Tephritidae</i> referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs of the relevant pest</p> <p>or</p> <p>(61d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Tephritidae</i> referred to</p>

	<p>2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS <i>Optie d: system approach or treatment has been communicated to the Commission</i> <i>Optie d: Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II to which those fruits are known to be susceptible,</p>
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Momordica (other than Momordica charantia)

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Third countries other than Switzerland	<p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Name of the area mentioned on the certificate under 'Place of Origin'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p>	<p><i>These requirements apply from 1st of July 2023</i></p> <p>(a) The fruits originate from a country where <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> is not known to occur;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) The fruits originate from an area free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, as established by the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) concerned, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 4; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin';</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) Prior to export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin; (ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the last three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits; (iii) It has physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) Information ensuring traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; <p>or</p> <p>(d) Prior to their export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and they originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p>

	<p>or Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 e of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Treatment data is mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin; (ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits; (iii) The specified fruits have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) Information ensuring the traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export;</p> <p>or (e) The fruits have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and that treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
Third countries	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 71 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 Optie a: Country freedom has been communicated to the Commission Countries recognized as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 71 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 Optie b: area freedom has been communicated to the Commission <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i> Areas recognized as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i></p>	<p>(71a) The fruits originate in a country free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures</p> <p>or (71b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</p>

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
<p>Third countries other than Switzerland</p>	<p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Name of the area mentioned on the certificate under 'Place of Origin'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p>	<p><i>These requirements apply from 1st of July 2023</i></p> <p>(a) The fruits originate from a country where <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> is not known to occur;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) The fruits originate from an area free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, as established by the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) concerned, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 4; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin';</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) Prior to export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin; (ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the last three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits; (iii) It has physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) Information ensuring traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; <p>or</p> <p>(d) Prior to their export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and they originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin;

	<p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 e of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Treatment data is mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits;</p> <p>(iii) The specified fruits have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>;</p> <p>(iv) Information ensuring the traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(e) The fruits have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and that treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
<p>Third countries other than Honduras, Mexico, Sri Lanka and Thailand</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 71 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>Optie a: Country freedom has been communicated to the Commission</p> <p>Countries recognized as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 71 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>Optie b: area freedom has been communicated to the Commission</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>Areas recognized as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i></p>	<p>(71a) The fruits originate in a country free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures</p> <p>or</p> <p>(71b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</p>
<p>Honduras, Mexico, Sri Lanka, and Thailand</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 71.1 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>Area freedom has been communicated to the Commission</p>	<p>(71.1 a) The fruits originate in an area being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i>, in accordance with the relevant International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned</p>

	<p>Areas recognized as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, 71.1 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Traceability information mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, 71.1 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>Cultural control methods have been communicated to the Commission Cultural control measures for <i>Thrips palmi</i></p>	<p>or (71.1 b) The fruits originate in a site of production with physical protection against <i>Thrips palmi</i>, and immediately prior to export, have been found free of <i>Thrips palmi</i> and/or symptoms by an official inspection of a representative sample, defined in accordance with international standard ISPM31(1), L 150/66 EN Official Journal of the European Union 1.6.2022</p> <p>and have been handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation with <i>Thrips Palmi</i> after leaving the site of production, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate</p> <p>or (71.1 c) The fruits have been produced following an effective systems approach to ensure freedom from <i>Thrips palmi</i>, which includes at least the fulfilment of all of the following requirements:</p> <p>(i) the site of production: — has been equipped with sticky traps to detect <i>Thrips palmi</i> during the entire production cycle, — has been subjected to at least thrice-a-week inspections and found free of symptoms and/or the pest of concern, during the entire production cycle; in case of suspicion of the presence of <i>Thrips palmi</i>, appropriate treatments have been carried out to ensure the absence of that pest, — has been subjected to effective weed control to eliminate alternative hosts of <i>Thrips palmi</i>, and</p> <p>(ii) the fruits were subject to effective cultural control measures against <i>Thrips palmi</i> and those measures have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, and</p> <p>(iii) the harvested fruits have been: — handled and transported to the packaging houses in a way that prevents infestation after leaving the site of production, — brushed and washed with water containing a disinfectant to ensure freedom from larvae or adults of <i>Thrips palmi</i></p>
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Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Third countries	Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 51 of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 See list of free countries	(51) The plants originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Candidatus Liberibacter africanus</i>, <i>Candidatus Liberibacter americanus</i> and <i>Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus</i>, causal agents of Huanglongbing disease of citrus/citrus greening , provided that this freedom status has been communicated in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned
Third countries Product/crop other than seeds	Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 52 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 52 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>The name of area mentioned on the certificate in box 'Additional declaration' or box 'Place of origin'</i> or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 52 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072	(52 a) The plants originate in a country in which <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio is known not to occur or (52 b) The plants originate in (name of area) free from <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio , established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Decision (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', or (c) The plants have been grown in a place of production , which is registered and supervised by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin, and where the plants have been grown during a period of one year, in an insect proof site of production against the introduction of <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio , and where, during a period of at least one year prior to the movement, two official inspections were carried out at appropriate times and no signs of <i>Trioza erytreae</i> Del Guercio have been observed in that site , and prior to movement are handled and packaged in ways to prevent infestation after leaving the place of production.

<p>Third countries</p> <p>Product/crop other than seeds</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 53 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>or</i></p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 53 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>The name of area mentioned on the certificate in box 'Additional declaration' or box 'Place of origin'</i></p>	<p>(53 a) The plants originate in a country in which <i>Diaphorina citri</i> Kuway is known not to occur</p> <p><i>or</i></p> <p>(53 b) The plants originate in (name of area) free from <i>Diaphorina citri</i> Kuway, established by the national plant protection organisation in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, and which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Decision (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration'.</p>
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Ocimum

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Third countries	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 28 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 28 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p>	<p>(28a) The leafy vegetables originate in a country free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(28b) Immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Liriomyza sativae</i> and <i>Nemorimyza maculosa</i></p>

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Physalis

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Originating in Australia North America Central America South America New Zealand	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLI</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLI</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p>	<p>(67a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67c) The fruits originate in a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67d) The fruits originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export,</p>

	and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i>	and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Punica granatum

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
<p>Countries of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius and Israel</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Country of Origin mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 PRODUCTION SITES RECOGNIZED AS BEING FREE FROM THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Place of production code mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(62a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or</p> <p>(62b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or</p> <p>(62c) The fruits</p> <p>(i) Originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 10, and which is included in the list of place of production codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) Have been subjected to official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season and prior to export, including a visual examination with an intensity to enable at least the detection of a 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95</p>

	<p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 PRODUCTION SITES RECOGNIZED AS BEING FREE FROM THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS and <i>Systems approach or post-harvest treatment and production site codes are mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>% in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms, and have been found to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i></p> <p>and (iii) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the place of production codes</p> <p>or (62d) The fruits (i) Have been produced in an approved site of production, which is included in the list of production site codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>and (ii) Have been subjected to an effective systems approach to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, in accordance with the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 14, or an effective stand-alone post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, provided that the respective systems approach used or the post-harvest treatment, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness, have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin and that post-harvest treatment has been assessed by the European Food Safety Authority</p> <p>and (iii) Prior to export, have been subjected to official inspections for the presence of <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, with an intensity to enable at least the detection of 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms</p> <p>and (iv) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the production site codes and mentions the details of the post-harvest treatment used, or the use of the systems approach.</p>
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Prunus other than Prunus persica

Origin	Requires additional declaration numbers (as it should appear on the certificate)	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Third countries	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES TEPHRITIDAE</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS TEPHRITIDAE</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p>	<p>(61a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as free from <i>Tephritidae</i> referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(61b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Tephritidae</i> referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(61c) no signs of <i>Tephritidae</i> referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs of the relevant pest</p> <p>and</p> <p>information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or</p>

	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS and <i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(61d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Tephritidae</i> referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>
<p>Canada Mexico United States</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS GRAPHOLITA PACKARDI <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i> or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i> or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS and <i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(63a) The fruits originate in an area ...established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (63b) The fruits originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or (63c) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Prunus persica

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Third countries	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES TEPHRITIDAE</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS TEPHRITIDAE</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and</p> <p>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</p> <p>or</p>	<p>(61a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as free from <i>Tephritidae</i> referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(61b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Tephritidae</i> referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', and this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(61c) no signs of <i>Tephritidae</i> referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examination, signs of the relevant pest</p> <p>and</p> <p>information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or</p>

	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, 61 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS and <i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(61d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Tephritidae</i> referred to in point 77 of table 3, Part A of Annex II to which those fruits are known to be susceptible, and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>
<p>Countries of the African continent, Cape Verde, Saint Helena, Madagascar, La Reunion, Mauritius and Israel</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Country of Origin mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 PRODUCTION SITES RECOGNIZED AS BEING FREE FROM THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and <i>Place of production code mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(62a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or</p> <p>(62b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 4. The pest free area is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>or</p> <p>(62c) The fruits</p> <p>(i) Originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i> in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 10, and which is included in the list of place of production codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>and</p> <p>(ii) Have been subjected to official inspections carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season and prior to export, including a visual examination with an intensity to enable at least</p>

	<p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 62 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 PRODUCTION SITES RECOGNIZED AS BEING FREE FROM THAUMATOTIBIA LEUCOTRETA and LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS and <i>Systems approach or post-harvest treatment and production site codes are mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>the detection of a 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms, and have been found to be free from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i></p> <p>and (iii) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the place of production codes</p> <p>or (62d) The fruits (i) Have been produced in an approved site of production, which is included in the list of production site codes that has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin</p> <p>and (ii) Have been subjected to an effective systems approach to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, in accordance with the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 14, or an effective stand-alone post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, provided that the respective systems approach used or the post-harvest treatment, together with documentary evidence of its effectiveness, have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin and that post-harvest treatment has been assessed by the European Food Safety Authority</p> <p>and (iii) Prior to export, have been subjected to official inspections for the presence of <i>Thaumatotibia leucotreta</i>, with an intensity to enable at least the detection of 2 % level of infestation, with a level of confidence of 95 % in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures ISPM 31 and including destructive sampling in case of symptoms</p> <p>and (iv) are accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate that indicates the production site codes and mentions the details of the post-harvest treatment used, or the use of the systems approach.</p>
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<p>Canada Mexico United States</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS GRAPHOLITA PACKARDI</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(63a) The fruits originate in an area ...established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(63b) The fruits originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(63c) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Psidium guajava

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
<p>See African countries African Countries:</p> <p>See Asian countries Asian countries:</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.3a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie a: Country freedom have been communicated to the Commission</i> Countries recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> and <i>Bactrocera zonata</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.3b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie b: Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i> <i>Area freedom have been communicated to the Commission</i> Areas recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> and <i>Bactrocera zonata</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.3c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.3d of</p>	<p>(72.3a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> and <i>Bactrocera zonata</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.3b) The fruits originate in an area as being free from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> and <i>Bactrocera zonata</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.3c) No signs of <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> and <i>Bactrocera zonata</i> have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examinations, signs of <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> and <i>Bactrocera zonata</i></p>

	<p>Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned at certificate</i></p> <p><i>-Systems approach or post-harvest treatment have been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p><u>Communicated treatment against <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> and <i>Bactrocera zonata</i></u></p>	<p>or</p> <p>(72.3d) the fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i> and <i>Bactrocera zonata</i></p>
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Pyrus

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Canada Mexico United States	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS GRAPHOLITA PACKARDI</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(63a) The fruits originate in an area ...established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(63b) The fruits originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(63c) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>
Third countries	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BOTRYOSPHERIA KUWATSUKAI</p>	<p>(64a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p>

	<p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BOTRYOSPHAERIA KUWATSUKAI</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 64 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>and <i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>or (64b) The fruits originate in an area ...established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned to the Commission,</p> <p>or (64c) The fruits originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or (64d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai</i> (Hara) G.Y. Sun and E. Tanaka and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned to the Commission.</p>
Third countries	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES ANTHONOMUS QUADRIGIBBUS</p> <p>or</p>	<p>(65a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p>

	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS ANTHONOMUS QUADRIGIBBUS</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 65 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(65b) The fruits originate in an area ...established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(65c) The fruits originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including a visual inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest</p> <p>and</p> <p>information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(65d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Anthonomus quadrigibbus</i> Say and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method have been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Solanum lycopersicum

<p>Australia New Zealand North America South America Central America</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLI</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLI</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>67a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67b) The fruits originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67c) The fruits originate in a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export,</p> <p>and</p> <p>information on traceability is included in the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67d) The fruits originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export,</p> <p>and</p> <p>information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.</p>
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<p>Third countries</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(68a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(68b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(68c) The fruits originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from of <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée),</p> <p>and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(68d) The fruits originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export,</p> <p>and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.</p>
<p>Bolivia Colombia</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU)</p>	<p>(68.1a)The fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p>

<p>Ecuador Peru and United States</p>	<p>2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie a: Area freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i> <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i> Areas recognized as being free from Prodiplosis longifila</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie b: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned at certificate</i> <i>-Systems approach or post-harvest treatment has been communicated to the Commission</i> Communicated treatment against Prodiplosis longifila</p>	<p>or</p> <p>(68.1b) The fruits originate in a place of production as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> and official inspections and surveys have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(68.1c) the fruits originate in a site of production with a physical isolation, against the introduction of <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> , on the basis of official inspections carried out during the two months prior to export,</p> <p>or</p> <p>68.1d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p>
<p>Third countries</p> <p>Product/crop Fruits</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 69 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>or</p>	<p>(69a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free of <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p>

	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 69 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 69 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p>	<p>or</p> <p>(69b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration',</p> <p>or</p> <p>(69c) The fruits originate in a place of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the last three months prior to export, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration'.</p>
<p>See African countries African Countries:</p> <p>See Asian countries Asian countries:</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie a: Country freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Countries recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie b: Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p><i>Area freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Areas recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU)</p>	<p>(72.1a)The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.1b) The fruits originate in an area as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.1c) No signs of <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last</p>

	<p>2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned at certificate</i></p> <p><i>-Systems approach or post-harvest treatment has been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p><u>Communicated treatment against <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></u></p>	<p>complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examinations, signs of <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.1d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p>
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Solanum aethiopicum

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Third countries other than Switzerland	<p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Name of the area mentioned on the certificate under 'Place of Origin'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p>	<p><i>These requirements apply from 1st of July 2023</i></p> <p>(a) The fruits originate from a country where <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> is not known to occur;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) The fruits originate from an area free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, as established by the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) concerned, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 4; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin';</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) Prior to export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin; (ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the last three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits; (iii) It has physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) Information ensuring traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; <p>or</p> <p>(d) Prior to their export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and they originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p>

	<p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 e of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Treatment data is mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin;</p> <p>(ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits;</p> <p>(iii) The specified fruits have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>;</p> <p>(iv) Information ensuring the traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(e) The fruits have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and that treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
<p>Australia New Zealand North America South America Central America</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLI</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLI</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(67a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67b) The fruits originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67c) The fruits originate in a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export, and</p>

	<p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>information on traceability is included in the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031</p> <p>or (67d) The fruits originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.</p>
Third countries	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS</p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p>	<p>(68a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (68b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned, or (68c) The fruits originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from of <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, or</p>

	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(68d) The fruits originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.</p>
<p>Bolivia Colombia Ecuador Peru and United States</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie a: Area freedom has been communicated to the Commission Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' Areas recognized as being free from Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie b: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned at certificate -Systems approach or post-harvest treatment has been communicated to the Commission</i></p>	<p>(68.1a) The fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or (68.1b) The fruits originate in a place of production as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> and official inspections and surveys have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or (68.1c) The fruits originate in a site of production with a physical isolation, against the introduction of <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> , on the basis of official inspections carried out during the two months prior to export,</p> <p>or (68.1d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p>

	Communicated treatment against Prodioplosis longifila	
See African countries African Countries: See Asian countries Asian countries:	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie a: Country freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Countries recognized as being free from Bactrocera latifrons</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie b: Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p><i>Area freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Areas recognized as being free from Bactrocera latifrons</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned at certificate</i></p> <p><i>-Systems approach or post-harvest treatment has been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Communicated treatment against Bactrocera latifrons</p>	<p>(72.1a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.1b) The fruits originate in an area as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.1c) No signs of <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examinations, signs of <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.1d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p>

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Solanum macrocarpon

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Third countries other than Switzerland	<p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Name of the area mentioned on the certificate under 'Place of Origin'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p>	<p><i>These requirements apply from 1st of July 2023</i></p> <p>(a) The fruits originate from a country where <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> is not known to occur;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) The fruits originate from an area free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, as established by the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) concerned, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 4; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin';</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) Prior to export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin; (ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the last three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits; (iii) It has physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) Information ensuring traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; <p>or</p> <p>(d) Prior to their export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and they originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p>

	<p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 e of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Treatment data is mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin;</p> <p>(ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits;</p> <p>(iii) The specified fruits have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>;</p> <p>(iv) Information ensuring the traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(e) The fruits have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and that treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
<p>Australia New Zealand North America South America Central America</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLI</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLI</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p>	<p>(67a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67b) The fruits originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67c) The fruits originate in a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to</p>

	<p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031</p> <p>or (67d) The fruits originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.</p>
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<p>Bolivia Colombia Ecuador Peru and United States</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie a: Area freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i> <i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i> <u>Areas recognized as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></u></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie b: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p>	<p>(68.1a)The fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or (68.1b) The fruits originate in a place of production as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> and official inspections and surveys have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or (68.1c) The fruits originate in a site of production with a physical isolation, against the introduction of <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> , on the basis of official inspections carried out during the two months prior to export,</p> <p>or</p>
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	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned at certificate</i></p> <p><i>-Systems approach or post-harvest treatment has been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Communicated treatment against Prodioplosis longifila</p>	<p>(68.1d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Prodioplosis longifila</i></p>
<p>See African countries African Countries:</p> <p>See Asian countries Asian countries:</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie a: Country freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Countries recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie b: Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p><i>Area freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Areas recognized as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 72.1c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point</p>	<p>(72.1a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.1b) The fruits originate in an area as being free from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>(72.1c) No signs of <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i> have been observed at the place of production and in its immediate vicinity since the beginning of the last complete cycle of vegetation, on official inspections carried out at least monthly during the three months prior to harvesting, and none of the fruits harvested at the place of production has shown, in appropriate official examinations, signs of <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p> <p>or</p>

	<p>72.1d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned at certificate</i></p> <p><i>-Systems approach or post-harvest treatment has been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Communicated treatment against <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p>	<p>(72.1d) the fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Bactrocera latifrons</i></p>
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Solanum melongena

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
<p>Third countries other than Switzerland</p>	<p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Name of the area mentioned on the certificate under 'Place of Origin'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p>	<p><i>These requirements apply from 1st of July 2023</i></p> <p>(a) The fruits originate from a country where <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> is not known to occur;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) The fruits originate from an area free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, as established by the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) concerned, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 4; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin';</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) Prior to export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin; (ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the last three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits; (iii) It has physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) Information ensuring traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; <p>or</p> <p>(d) Prior to their export the fruits have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and they originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p>

	<p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 e of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Treatment data is mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin;</p> <p>(ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified fruits;</p> <p>(iii) The specified fruits have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>;</p> <p>(iv) Information ensuring the traceability of the specified fruits to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(e) The fruits have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and that treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
<p>Australia New Zealand North America South America Central America</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLI</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLI</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p>	<p>(67a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67b) The fruits originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67c) The fruits originate in a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to</p>

	<p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031</p> <p>or (67d) The fruits originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.</p>
Third countries	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS</p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS NEOLEUCINODES ELEGANTALIS</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(68a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or (68b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or (68c) The fruits originate in a place of production established by the national plant protection organisation of the country of origin as being free from of <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures and official inspections have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season to detect the presence of the pest, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), and</p>

	<p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</p>	<p>information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or (68d) The fruits originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Neoleucinodes elegantalis</i> (Guenée), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.</p>
<p>Bolivia Colombia Ecuador Peru and United States</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie a: Area freedom has been communicated to the Commission</i> Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration' Areas recognized as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie b: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 <i>Optie c: Traceability code mentioned on certificate</i></p> <p>or Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 68.1d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p>	<p>(68.1a)The fruits originate in an area recognised as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or (68.1b) The fruits originate in a place of production as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> and official inspections and surveys have been carried out in the place of production at appropriate times during the growing season, including an examination on representative samples of fruit, shown to be free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p> <p>or (68.1c) The fruits originate in a site of production with a physical isolation, against the introduction of <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> as being free from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i> , on the basis of official inspections carried out during the two months prior to export,</p> <p>or 68.1d) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Prodiplosis longifila</i></p>

	<p><i>Optie d: systems approach or effective treatment mentioned at certificate</i></p> <p><i>-Systems approach or post-harvest treatment has been communicated to the Commission</i></p> <p>Communicated treatment against Prodioposis longifila</p>	
<p>Third countries</p> <p>Product/crop</p> <p>Fruits</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 69 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 69 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 69 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p>	<p>(69a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free of <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(69b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration',</p> <p>or</p> <p>(69c) The fruits originate in a place of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Keiferia lycopersicella</i> (Walsingham), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the last three months prior to export, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration'.</p>
<p>Third countries</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 70 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 70 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 70 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/...</p>	<p>(70a) The fruits originate in a country free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(70b) The fruits originate in an area established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration',</p> <p>or</p> <p>(70c) Immediately prior to their export, have been officially inspected and found free from <i>Thrips palmi</i> Karny</p>

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Solanaceae other than Capsicum, Physalis, Solanum aethiopicum, Solanum lycopersicon, Solanum macrocarpon, Solanum melongena

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
<p>Australia New Zealand North America South America Central America</p> <p>See list of Solanaceae</p>	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE COUNTRIES BACTERICERA COCKERELLI</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS BACTERICERRA COCKERELLI</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on the certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and <i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 67 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and</p>	<p>(67a) The fruits originate in a country recognised as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67b) The fruits originate in an areaestablished by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67c) The fruits originate in a place of production, where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.) including its immediate vicinity are carried out during the last three months prior to export and subject to effective treatments to ensure freedom from the pest, and representative samples of the fruit have been inspected prior to export, and information on traceability is included in the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031</p> <p>or</p> <p>(67d) The fruits originate in an insect proof site of production, established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin, as being free from <i>Bactericera cockerelli</i> (Sulc.), on the basis of official inspections and surveys carried out during the three months prior to export, and</p>

	<i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i>	information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031.
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FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Vaccinium

Origin	Required additional declaration full reference text, as it should appear on the certificate	Required minimal additional declaration text (see in bold) as it should appear on the certificate
Canada Mexico United States	<p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF FREE AREAS GRAPHOLITA PACKARDI</p> <p><i>Area mentioned on certificate under the rubric 'Additional declaration'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Traceability code mentioned on the certificate</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment complies with Annex VII, point 63 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2072 LIST OF ACCEPTED TREATMENT METHODS</p> <p>and</p> <p><i>Treatment and data or use system approach mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(63a) The fruits originate in an area ...established by the national plant protection organisation in the country of origin as being free from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller in accordance with the relevant International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures, which is mentioned on the certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, under the rubric 'Additional declaration', provided that this freedom status has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(63b) The fruits originate in a place of production where official inspections and surveys for the presence of <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller are carried out at appropriate times during the growing season, including an inspection of a representative sample of fruits, shown to be free of the pest,</p> <p>and</p> <p>information on traceability is included in the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031,</p> <p>or</p> <p>(63c) The fruits have been subjected to an effective systems approach or an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Grapholita packardi</i> Zeller and the use of a systems approach or details of the treatment method are indicated on the phytosanitary certificate referred to in Article 71 of Regulation (EU) No 2016/2031, provided that the systems approach or the post-harvest treatment method has been communicated in advance in writing to the Commission by the national plant protection organisation of the third country concerned.</p>

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Zea mays

<p>Third countries other than Switzerland</p>	<p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 a of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 b of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Name of the area mentioned on the certificate under 'Place of Origin'</i></p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 c of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p>or</p> <p>Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 d of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p>	<p><i>These requirements apply from 1st of July 2023</i></p> <p>(a) The plants originate from a country where <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> is not known to occur;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(b) The plants originate from an area free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, as established by the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) concerned, in accordance with the International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures No 4; the name of that area shall be stated in the phytosanitary certificate under the rubric 'place of origin';</p> <p>or</p> <p>(c) Prior to export the plants have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin; (ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the last three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified plants; (iii) It has physical isolation against the introduction of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>; (iv) Information ensuring traceability of the specified plants to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export; <p>or</p> <p>(d) Prior to their export the plants have been subject to an official inspection and found free from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and they originate from a site of production complying with the following conditions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) It is registered and supervised by the NPPO in the country of origin; (ii) Official inspections have been carried out during the three months prior to export, and no presence of <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i> has been detected on the specified plants;
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	<p>or Consignment meets the conditions laid down in Article 10.1 e of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/1134</p> <p><i>Treatment data is mentioned on the certificate</i></p>	<p>(iii) The specified plants have been subjected to an effective treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>;</p> <p>(iv) Information ensuring the traceability of the specified plants to that site of production has been ensured during their movement prior to export;</p> <p>or</p> <p>(e) The plants have been subjected to an effective post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from <i>Spodoptera frugiperda</i>, and that treatment is indicated on the phytosanitary certificate.</p>
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EU LISTS OF REGISTERED COUNTRIES, AREAS OR TREATMENTS

(51a) Countries recognized as being free from *Candidatus Liberibacter africanus*, *Candidatus Liberibacter americanus* and *Candidatus Liberibacter asiaticus*

Country	Plant	Date
Israel	<i>Murraya</i>	December 2019
Morocco	<i>Murraya</i>	Februari 2020
Türkiye	<i>Murraya</i>	December 2019
United Kingdom (applicable to the territory of Great Britain)	<i>Murraya</i>	December 2020

(58 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Xanthomonas citri* pv. *citri*, *Xanthomonas citri* pv. *Aurantifolii*

Country	Date
Algeria	May, 2025
Argentina (only for <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i>)	December, 2017
Australia	May 2021
Botswana	February, 2026
Chile	December, 2017
China (only for <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i>)	December, 2017
Colombia	January 16, 2018
Costa Rica	August, 2019
Cuba	November, 2019
Dominican Republic (only for <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i>)	August, 2019
Ecuador	January 10, 2018
Egypt	November 15, 2017
Guatemala	September, 2018
Israel	December, 2017
Jamaica	December, 2017
Lebanon	June, 2020
Mexico	November 15, 2017
Morocco	November 11, 2017

Mozambique	December, 2017
New Zealand	November 15, 2017
Peru	December, 2017
South Africa	December, 2017
Swaziland (Kingdom of Eswatini)	December, 2017
Tunesia	August, 2019
Türkiye	December, 2017
United Kingdom (applicable to the territory of Great Britain)	December 2020
United States (only for <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i>)	December, 2017
Uzbekistan	September, 2019
Vietnam (only for <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>aurantifolii</i>)	December, 2017
Zambia	October, 2024
Zimbabwe	December, 2017

(58 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Xanthomonas citri* pv. *citri*, *Xanthomonas citri* pv. *aurantifolii*

Country		Pest free area	Date
Brasil		Amazonas (AM), Bahia (BA), Distrito Federal (DF), Espírito Santo (ES), Goiás (GO, except the municipalities of Itajá, Jataí e Lagoa Santa), Minas Gerais (MG, except the municipalities of Carneirinho, Frutal e Planura), Pará (PA), Paraíba (PB), Pernambuco, Rio de Janeiro (RJ), Rondônia (RO), Sergipe (SE), Tocantins (TO) Place of production with area between brackets is acceptable.	June, 2020
USA	State	Pest free county (alleen <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i>.)	December, 2017
	Texas	Anderson, Andrews, Angelina, Aransas, Archer, Armstrong, Atascosa, Austin, Bailey, Bandera, Bastrop, Baylor, Bee, Bell, Bexar, Blanco, Borden, Bosque, Bowie, Brazoria, Brazos, Brewster, Briscoe, Brooks, Brown, Burleson, Burnet, Caldwell, Calhoun, Callahan, Camp, Carson, Cass, Castro, Chambers, Cherokee, Childress, Clay, Cochran, Coke, Coleman, Collin, Collingsworth, Colorado, Comal, Comanche, Concho, Cooke, Coryell, Cottle, Crane, Crockett, Crosby, Culberson, Dallam, Dallas, Dawson, Deaf Smith, Delta, Denton, DeWitt, Dickens, Dimmit, Donley, Duval, Eastland, Ector, Edwards, Ellis, El Paso, Erath, Falls, Fannin, Fayette, Fisher, Floyd, Foard, Franklin, Freestone, Frio, Gaines, Galveston, Garza, Gillespie, Glasscock, Goliad, Gonzales, Gray, Grayson, Gregg, Grimes, Guadalupe, Hale, Hall, Hamilton, Hansford, Hardeman, Hardin, Harrison, Hartley, Haskell, Hays, Hemphill, Henderson, Hidalgo, Hill, Hockley, Hood, Hopkins, Houston, Howard, Hudspeth, Hunt, Hutchinson, Irion, Jack, Jackson, Jasper, Jeff Davis, Jefferson, Jim Hogg, Jim Wells, Johnson, Jones, Karnes, Kaufman, Kendall, Kenedy, Kent, Kerr, Kimble, King, Kinney, Kleberg, Knox, Lamar, Lamb, Lampasas, La Salle, Lavaca, Lee, Leon, Liberty, Limestone, Lipscomb, Live Oak, Llano, Loving, Lubbock, Lynn, McCulloch, McLennan, McMullen, Madison, Marion, Martin, Mason, Matagorda, Maverick, Medina, Menard,	

	Midland, Milam, Mills, Mitchell, Montague, Montgomery, Moore, Morris, Motley, Nacogdoches, Navarro, Newton, Nolan, Nueces, Ochiltree, Oldham, Orange, Palo Pinto, Panola, Parker, Parmer, Pecos, Polk, Potter, Presidio, Rains, Randall, Reagan, Real, Red River, Reeves, Refugio, Roberts, Robertson, Rockwall, Runnels, Rusk, Sabine, San Augustine, San Jacinto, San Patricio, San Saba, Schleicher, Scurry, Shackelford, Shelby, Sherman, Smith, Somervell, Starr, Stephens, Sterling, Stonewall, Sutton, Swisher, Tarrant, Taylor, Terrell, Terry, Throckmorton, Titus, Tom Green, Travis, Trinity, Tyler, Upshur, Upton, Uvalde, Val Verde, Van Zandt, Victoria, Walker, Waller, Ward, Washington, Webb, Wharton, Wheeler, Wichita, Wilbarger, Willacy, Williamson, Wilson, Winkler, Wise, Wood, Yoakum, Young, Zapata, Zavala	
Louisiana	Acadia, Allen, Ascension, Assumption, Avoyelles, Beauregard, Bienville, Bossier, Caddo, Calcasieu, Caldwell, Cameron, Catahoula, Claiborne, Concordia, De Soto, East Baton Rouge, East Carroll, East Feliciana, Evangeline, Franklin, Grant, Iberia, Iberville, Jackson, Jefferson Davis, La Salle, Lafayette, Lincoln, Livingston, Madison, Morehouse, Natchitoches, Ouachita, Pointe Coupee, Rapides, Red River, Richland, Sabine, Saint Helena, Saint Landry, Saint Martin, Saint Mary, Saint Tammany, Tangipahoa, Tensas, Terrebonne, Union, Vermilion, Vernon, Washington, Webster, West Baton Rouge, West Carroll, West Feliciana, Winn	
not mentioned	state is free	

(58 d) Communicated treatment against *Xanthomonas citri* pv. *aurantifolii* and *Xanthomonas citri* pv. *citri*

Note: all countries are allowed by the EU to use Sodium orthophenylphenate. In the list below are the treatments that have been communicated with the EU.

Treatment data **must be on the certificate**

Country	Treatment	Date
Argentina (only for <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i>)	Sodium orthophenylphenate, Sodium hypochlorite, chlorine dioxide, sodium bicarbonate, peroxyacetic acid	January, 2023
Brasil	Eugenol, Sodium hypochlorite, chlorine dioxide, calcium oxychloride and peracetic acid	May 2020
China (only for <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i>)	Sodium hypochlorite solution, other fungicides accepted by EPPO for the preventive treatment	January 16, 2018
India	Sodium orthophenylphenate	December 2019
Japan	Sodium hypochlorite solution, peroxyacetic acid (PAA)	September 2019
Senegal	Sodium orthophenylphenate	December 2017
South Korea	Sodium orthophenylphenate	December 2017
Uruguay	Sodium orthophenylphenate, Sodium hypochlorite	August 2019
United States (only for <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i>)	Sodium hypochlorite peroxyacetic acid	December 2017
Vietnam (only for <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i>)	Sodium hypochlorite, Calcium hypochlorite	December 2017

(59 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Pseudocercospora angolensis*

Country	Date
Algeria	May, 2025
Argentina	December, 2017
Australia	December, 2017
Botswana	February, 2026
Brasil	December, 2017
Chile	December, 2017
China	January 16, 2018
Colombia	January 16, 2018
Costa Rica	August, 2019
Cuba	November, 2019
Dominican Republic	August, 2019
Ecuador	January 10, 2018
Egypt	November 15, 2017
Guatemala	September, 2018
Israel	December, 2017
India	January 2020
Jamaica	December, 2017
Japan	December, 2017
Lebanon	June, 2020
Moldova	December, 2017
Morocco	November 13, 2017
Mexico	November 15, 2017
New Zealand	November 15, 2017
Peru	December, 2017
South Africa	December, 2017
South Korea	December, 2017
Swaziland (Kingdom of Eswatini)	December, 2017
Thailand	January 10, 2018
Tunesia	August, 2019
Türkiye	December, 2017
United Kingdom (applicable to the territory of Great Britain)	December 2020

Uruguay	November 15, 2017
United States	December, 2017
Uzbekistan	September, 2019
Vietnam	January, 2018

(59 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Pseudocercospora angolensis*

Country	Pest free area	Date

(60 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Phyllosticta citricarpa* (syn. *Guignardia citricarpa*)

Country	Date
Algeria	May, 2025
Chile	December, 2017
Colombia	January 16, 2018
Costa Rica	August, 2019
Dominican Republic	August, 2019
Ecuador	January 10, 2018
Egypt	November 15, 2017
Israel	December, 2017
India	January 2020
Jamaica	December, 2017
Japan	December, 2017
Lebanon	June, 2020
Morocco	November 23, 2017
Mexico	November 15, 2017
New Zealand	November 15, 2017
Peru	December, 2017
Türkiye	December, 2017

United Kingdom (applicable to the territory of Great Britain)	December 2020
Uzbekistan	September, 2019
Vietnam	December, 2017

(60 b) Areas recognised as being free from *Phyllosticta citricarpa* (syn. *Guignardia citricarpa*)

Country		Pest free area	Date
Australia		South Australia, Western Australia	December, 2017
Botswana		Okavango district, North West district, Chobe district, Ghanzi district, Hukuntsi district, Kgalagadi district, Mabutsane/Jwaneng district	February, 2026
Brasil		Acre (AC), Alagoas (AL), Amapá (AP), Ceará (CE), Distrito Federal (DF), Maranhão (MA), Pará (PA), Paraíba (PB), Piauí (PI), Rio Grande do Norte (RN), Roraima (RR), Sergipe (SE)	December, 2017
South Africa		Western Cape, Northern Cape, Free State, North West, The Magistral Districts of Christiana, Taung	December, 2017
Tunesia		Bizerte, Jendouba, Béja, Sidi Bouzid	January, 2020
USA	State	Pest free county	December, 2017
	Florida	Alachua, Baker, Bay, Bradford, Brevard, Broward, Calhoun, Citrus, Clay, Columbia, Dixie, Duval, Escambia, Flagler, Franklin, Gadsden, Gilchrist, Glades, Gulf, Hamilton, Hardee, Hernando, Hillsborough, Holmes, Indian River, Jackson, Jefferson, Lafayette, Lake, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Madison, Manatee, Marion, Martin, Miami-Dade, Monroe, Nassau, Okaloosa, Okeechobee, Orange, Osceola, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas, Putnam, Saint Johns, Saint Lucie, Santa Rosa, Sarasota, Seminole, Sumter, Suwannee, Taylor, Union, Volusia, Wakulla, Walton, Washington	
	not mentioned	state is free	

(61 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Tephritidae* (non-European)

Country	Product	Date
Argentina	<i>Citrus limon</i>	April, 2020
Belarus	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	April, 2022
Bosnia and Herzegovina	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i>	August, 2023

	<i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	
Chile	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	March 2022
Colombia	<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> <i>Citrus latifolia</i>	June 2019
Dominican Republic	<i>Citrus latifolia</i>	December, 2019
Japan	<i>Mangifera</i> <i>Prunus (m.u.v. P. avium en P. cerasus)</i>	August, 2019
Moldova	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	September, 2019
Morocco	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	September, 2019
New Zealand	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	August, 2019
Republic of North Macedonia	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	June 2023
Serbia	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	June 2023
South Korea	<i>Citrus</i>	February, 2019

	<i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	
Tunesia	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	August, 2019
United Kingdom (applicable to the territory of Great Britain)	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	December 2020
Ukraine	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	August, 2019
Uzbekistan	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	September, 2019

(61 b) Areas recognized as being free from Tephritidae (non-European)

Country	Area/ Sub-district	Sub-region/ natural-region	Product	Date
Argentina	1. Patagonia Region		<i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	September, 2019
	2. Centre Oasis "Oasis Centro"	Departments of Tupungato, Tunuyan and San Carlos, collectively referred to as "Valle de Uco" of the Province of Mendoza		

	3. Southern Oasis "Oasis Sur"	Departments of Malargue, San Rafael and General Alvear of the Province of Mendoza		
Australia	Riverland district in South Australia State of Tasmania Local government Zones of Northern Country Avon- Midland Great Eastern Peel Central Country South West Great Southern Gascoyne Murchison and Goldfields-Esperance in the Greater Perth		<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	August, 2019
Israel	Jerusalem (11)	Judean Hills (111) Judean Foothills (112)	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	January 2024
	Zefat (21)	Hula Basin (211) Eastern Upper Galilee (212) Hazor Region (213)		
	Kinneret (22)	Eastern Lower Galilee (222)		
	Yizre'el (23)	Bet She'an Bassin (231) Harod Valley (232) Kokhav Plateau (233) Yizre'el Basin (234) Yoqne'am Region (235) Menashe Plateau(236) Nazareth Tir'an Mountains (237)		
	Akko (24)	Shefar'am Region (241) Karmi'el Region (242) Yehi'am Region (243) Elon Region (244) Nahariyya Region (245) Akko Region (246)		
	Golan (29)	Hermon Region (291) Northern Golan (292) Southern Golan (294)		
	Haifa (31)	Haifa Region (311)		
	Hadera (32)	Karmel Coast (321)		

		Zikhron Ya'aqov Region (322) Alexander Mounain (323) Hadera Region (324)		
	Sharon (41)	Eastern Sharon (412)		
	Ashqelon (61)	Mal'akhi Region (611) Lakhish Region (612) Ashdod Region (613) Ashqelon Region (614)		
	Be'er Sheva (62)	Gerar Region (621) Besor Region (622) Be'er Shva Region (623) Dead Sea Region (624) Arava Region (625) Northern Negev Mountain (626) Southern Neghev Mounttain (627)		
	Bik'at Hayarden (71)	Northern Bik'at Hayarden (711) Southern Bik'at Hayarden (712)		
Mexico	States of Sonora, Baja California Sur, Chihuahua, The localities of Ahome, El Fuerte, Choix, Guasave, Sinaloa de Leyva in Sinaloa		<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	September, 2019
United States	Arizona, California		Citrus Prunus	August, 2019

(61 d) Communicated treatment against Tephritidae of Point 77 of Annex II

Treatment data such as chemicals or systems approach **must be on the certificate**

Country	Product	Treatment	Date
Australia	<i>Citrus (other than Citrus limon)</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	Cold treatment	December 2024
	<i>Citrus limon</i>	Cold treatment	
	<i>Mangifera</i>	Vapour heat treatment	
	<i>Prunus</i>	Cold treatment, methyl bromide fumigation	
Botswana	<i>Citrus</i>	Systems approach	February 2026

	<i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>		
Brasil	<i>Mangifera</i>	Post-harvest treatment	June, 2019
Burkina Faso	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach	January, 2020
Cameroon	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach	February 2020
Canada	<i>Prunus</i>	Systems approach	March, 2020
Colombia	<i>Citrus (except C. aurantifolia, C. latifolia)</i>	Systems approach or cold treatment	September 2020
	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach or hot water treatment, vapour heat treatment	November 2020
Costa Rica	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach or hydrothermal treatment	August, 2019
Dominican Republik	<i>Citrus (other than Citrus latifolia)</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	Systems approach	August, 2019
	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach	
Ecuador	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach	August, 2019
Egypt	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	cold treatment	August, 2019
	<i>Mangifera</i>	vapour heat treatment	
	<i>Prunus</i>	cold treatment	
Gambia	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach	February, 2020
Ghana	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach	August, 2019
Guatemala	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	Systems approach	August, 2019
	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach or hot water treatment	December, 2019
Guinea	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach	March, 2020
India	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	Irradiation treatment	June, 2020
	<i>Mangifera</i>	Hot water treatment, vapour heat treatment	
	<i>Prunus</i>	Irradiation treatment	
Israel	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	Systems approach	January 2024
	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach	February 2024
Japan (for <i>Bactrocera tsuneonis</i>)	<i>Citrus</i>	Systems approach	March 2022

	<i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>		
Ivory Coast	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach	January 2020
Kenya	<i>Mangifera</i>	Hot water treatment	Februari 2021
La Reunion	<i>Mangifera</i>	Vapor heat treatment (30 min 46°C)	May 2025
Mexico	<i>Citrus (C. paradisi, C. sinensis, C. reticulata only)</i>	Cold treatment, methyl bromide fumigation	February, 2020
	<i>Mangifera</i>	Hydrothermal treatment	
Pakistan	<i>Mangifera</i>	Hot water treatment (46.5°C for 75 minutes)	July, 2024
Peru	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	Systems approach	July, 2019
Puerto Rico (USA)	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach	January 2020
Senegal	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach	January 2020
South Africa	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	Systems approach	August, 2019
Surinam	<i>Mangifera</i>	Systems approach	December 2022
Swaziland (Kingdom of Eswatini)	<i>Citrus,</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	Systems approach	August, 2019
Taiwan	<i>Mangifera</i>	Vapour heat treatment	June 2025
Thailand	<i>Mangifera</i>	Hot water treatment, vapour heat treatment	March 2021
Togo	<i>Mangifera</i>	Post-harvest treatment	September, 2020
United States	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Mangifera</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	Systems approach	August, 2019
	United States (only California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho)	<i>Prunus</i>	
Uruguay	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i>	Cold treatment	August, 2019
Zambia	<i>Citrus limon</i>	Systems approach	May 2025

Zimbabwe	<i>Citrus</i> <i>Fortunella</i> <i>Poncirus</i> <i>Prunus</i>	Systems approach	August, 2019
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(62 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Thaumatotibia leucotreta*

Country	Product	Date
Algeria	<i>Capsicum</i> <i>Citrus spp.</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> , <i>Citrus limon</i> , <i>Citrus sinensis</i> <i>Cutflowers of Rosa</i> <i>Prunus persica</i> <i>Punica granatum</i>	May, 2025
Egypt	<i>Capsicum</i> <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> , <i>Citrus limon</i> , <i>Citrus sinensis</i> <i>Prunus persica</i> <i>Punica granatum</i>	December, 2017
Morocco	<i>Capsicum</i> <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> , <i>Citrus limon</i> , <i>Citrus sinensis</i> <i>Prunus persica</i> <i>Punica granatum</i>	November, 2017
Tunesia	<i>Capsicum</i> <i>Citrus</i> other than <i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> , <i>Citrus limon</i> , <i>Citrus sinensis</i> <i>Prunus persica</i> <i>Punica granatum</i>	August, 2019

(62 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Thaumatotibia leucotreta*

Country	Area	Sub Region	Date		
Israel	Zefat (21)	Hula Basin (211) Eastern Upper Galilee (212) Hazor Region (213)	January 2024		
	Jordan River Valley (22)	Kinneret (221) Eastern Lower Galilee (222)			
	Akko (24)			Karmi'el Region (242) Yehi'am Region (243) Elon Region (244) Nahariyya Region (245)	
				Hermon Region (291) Northern Golan (292) Middle Golan (293) Southern Golan (294)	
				Be'er Sheva (62)	Dead Sea Region (624) Arava Region (625) Southern Neghev Mountain (627)

(62 c) Place of production recognized as being free from *Thaumatotibia leucotreta*

For production unit codes see Tab 12 31

Country	Code	Product	Date
Kenya	√	<i>Capsicum</i>	October 2025
Madagascar	√	<i>Capsicum</i>	July 2022
Nigeria	√	<i>Capsicum</i>	May 2024
Rwanda	√	<i>Capsicum</i>	May 2025
Tanzania	√	<i>Capsicum</i>	July 2024
Senegal		<i>Capsicum</i>	September 2022

(62 d) (i) Approved site of production

For production unit codes see

Tab 12 30 – Citrus

Tab 12 31 – Capsicum

Tab 12 32 – Punica and Prunus

Country	Production site	Code	Product	Date
Botswana	√	√	<i>Citrus, other than Citrus aurantiifolia Citrus limon, Citrus sinensis</i>	March 2026
Burkina Faso	√	√	<i>Capsicum</i>	December, 2024
eSwatini	√	√	<i>Citrus, other than Citrus aurantiifolia Citrus limon, Citrus sinensis</i>	July 2024
Israel	√	√	<i>Punica granatum</i>	October 2025
	√	√	<i>Citrus, other than Citrus aurantiifolia Citrus limon, Citrus sinensis</i>	November 2025
South Africa	√	√	<i>Capsicum</i>	July 2022
	√	√	<i>Citrus, other than Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon, Citrus sinensis</i>	March 2025
	√	√	<i>Prunus persica</i>	January 2024
	√	√	<i>Punica granatum</i>	May 2025
Uganda	√	√	<i>Capsicum</i>	October 2025
Zimbabwe	√	√	<i>Capsicum</i>	May 2023
	√	√	<i>Citrus, other than Citrus aurantifolia Citrus limon, Citrus sinensis</i>	May 2023

(62 d) (ii) Communicated treatment against *Thaumatotibia leucotreta*

Treatment details such as post-harvest treatment, or systems approach **must be on the certificate**

Country	Product	Treatment	Date
Botswana	<i>Citrus</i> <i>other than</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia, Citrus limon, Citrus sinensis</i>	Systems approach	February, 2024
Burkina Faso	<i>Capsicum</i>	Systems approach	December, 2024
Gambia	<i>Capsicum</i>	Systems approach	February, 2020
Ghana	<i>Capsicum</i>	Systems approach	August, 2019
Israel	<i>Citrus</i> <i>other than</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia, Citrus limon, Citrus sinensis</i> <i>Prunus persica</i> <i>Punica granatum</i>	Systems approach or post-harvest treatment	January 2024
South Africa	<i>Capsicum</i> <i>Citrus</i> <i>other than</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia, Citrus limon, Citrus sinensis</i> <i>Prunus persica</i>	Systems approach	February 2023
	<i>Punica granatum</i>	Systems approach	August 2019
Swaziland (Kingdom of Eswatini)	<i>Citrus</i> <i>other than</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia, Citrus limon, Citrus sinensis</i>	Systems approach	August, 2022
Togo	<i>Capsicum</i>	Systems approach	November 2020
Uganda	<i>Capsicum</i>	Systems approach	September 2022
Zimbabwe	<i>Capsicum</i>	Systems approach	April 2023
	<i>Citrus</i> <i>other than</i> <i>Citrus aurantifolia, Citrus limon, Citrus sinensis</i>		July 2022
	<i>Prunus persica</i>		September, 2019

(62.1 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Thaumatotibia leucotreta*

Country	Product	Date
Algeria	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	May, 2025
Egypt	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	December, 2017
Morocco	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	November, 2017
Tunesia	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	August, 2019

(62.1 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Thaumatotibia leucotreta*

Country	Area	Sub Region	Date
Israel	Zefat (21)	Hula Basin (211) Eastern Upper Galilee (212) Hazor Region (213)	September 2023
	Jordan River Valley (22)	Kinneret (221) Eastern Lower Galilee (222)	
	Akko (24)	Karmi'el Region (242) Yehi'am Region (243) Elon Region (244) Nahariyya Region (245)	
		Hermon Region (291) Northern Golan (292) Middle Golan (293) Southern Golan (294)	
		Be'er Sheva (62)	
	Be'er Sheva (62)	Southern Neghev Mountain (627)	
	Bik'at Hayarden (71)	Northern Bik'at Hayarden (711) Southern Bik'at Hayarden (712)	

(62.1 c) Place of production recognized as being free from *Thaumatotibia leucotreta*

Country	Area	Place of production	Product	Date
			<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	

(62.1 d) Approved site of production

For production unit codes see Tab 12 30

Country	Production site	Product	Date
Botswana	√	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	March 2026
Israel	√	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	November 2025
South Africa	√	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	March 2025
Zimbabwe	√	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	May 2023

(62.1 d) (ii) an effective systems approach or post-harvest treatment for *Thaumatotibia leucotetra* **must be on the certificate**

an effective systems approach, which includes a cold treatment of 0 °C to – 1 ° C for at least 16 days

Or,

an effective systems approach, which includes a precooling step of the pulp of the fruit to the temperature of the cold treatment applied, followed by that cold treatment for at least 20 days at a set temperature between – 1 °C and +2 °C

Or,

an effective stand-alone post-harvest treatment to ensure freedom from *Thaumatotibia leucotetra*

Country	Product	Systems approach or post-harvest treatment	Date
Botswana	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	Systems approach	February 2024
South Africa	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	Systems approach	February 2023
Swaziland (Kingdom of Eswatini)	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	Systems approach	July 2024
Zimbabwe	<i>Citrus sinensis</i>	Systems approach	July 2022

(63 a) Area recognized as being free from *Grapholita packardii*

Country	Product	Date

(63 c) Communicated treatment against *Grapholita packardii*

[treatment data such as chemicals or system approach to be mentioned on certificate]

Country	Product	Date
Canada	Malus, Prunus avium: system approach	July '20, February '20
Mexico	Malus, Prunus, Pyrus, Vaccinium: cold treatment	September, 2019
United States of America	Malus (system approach for: Idaho, Massachusetts, New York, Oregon, Washington) Prunus (system approach for California, Idaho, Oregon, Washington)	August, 2019

	Pyrus (system approach for: Idaho, Oregon, Washington) Vaccinium (system approach for: North eastern USA)	
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(64 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai* (syn. *Guignardia piricola*)

Country	Product	Date
Algeria	Malus Pyrus	May, 2025
Argentina	Malus Pyrus	Februari, 2020
Australia	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Belarus	Malus Pyrus	April, 2022
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Brasil	Malus Pyrus	January 2020
Canada	Malus Pyrus	July, 2019
Chile	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Colombia	Malus Pyrus	June, 2019
Egypt	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Israel	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
India	Malus Pyrus	January 2020
Lebanon	Malus Pyrus	March, 2020
Moldova	Malus Pyrus	September, 2019
Morocco	Malus Pyrus	September, 2019

New Zealand	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Republic of North Macedonia	Malus Pyrus	July, 2019
Serbia	Malus Pyrus	April, 2019
South Africa	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
South Korea	Malus Pyrus	February, 2019
Tanzania	Malus Pyrus	September, 2019
Türkiye	Malus Pyrus	June, 2019
Ukraine	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
United Kingdom (applicable to the territory of Great Britain)	Malus Pyrus	December 2020
Uruguay	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Uzbekistan	Malus Pyrus	September, 2019
United States	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Zimbabwe	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019

(64 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai* (*syn. Guignardia piricola*)

Areas	Product	Date

(64 d) Communicated treatment against *Botryosphaeria kuwatsukai* (*syn. Guignardia piricola*)
(treatment data such as chemicals or systems approach to be mentioned on certificate)

Country	Treatment	Date

(65 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Anthonomus (Tachypterellus) quadrigibbus*

Country	Product	Date
Algeria	Malus Pyrus	May, 2025
Argentina	Malus Pyrus	Februari, 2020
Australia	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Belarus	Malus Pyrus	April, 2022
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Brasil	Malus Pyrus	January 2020
Colombia	Malus Pyrus	June, 2019
Chile	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Egypt	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Israel	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
India	Malus Pyrus	January 2020
Japan	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Lebanon	Malus	March, 2020

	Pyrus	
Moldova	Malus Pyrus	September, 2019
Morocco	Malus Pyrus	September, 2019
New Zealand	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Republic of North Macedonia	Malus Pyrus	July, 2019
Serbia	Malus Pyrus	April, 2019
South Africa	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
South Korea	Malus Pyrus	February, 2019
Tanzania	Malus Pyrus	September, 2019
Türkiye	Malus Pyrus	June, 2019
Ukraine	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
United Kingdom (applicable to the territory of Great Britain)	Malus Pyrus	December 2020
Uruguay	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019
Uzbekistan	Malus Pyrus	September, 2019
Zimbabwe	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019

(65 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Anthonomus (Tachypterellus) quadrigibbus*

Areas	Product	Date

(65 d) Communicated treatment against *Anthonomus (Tachypterellus) quadrigibbus*
(treatment data such as chemicals or systems approach to be mentioned on certificate)

Country	Product	Date
Canada	Malus	July, 2020
United States	Malus Pyrus	August, 2019

(66 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Grapholita prunivora*, *Grapholita inopinata*, *Rhagoletis pomonella*
for fruits of *Malus*

Country	Organism	Date
Algeria	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	May, 2025
Argentina	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	Februari, 2020
Australia	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	August, 2019
Belarus	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	April, 2022
Bosnia and Herzegovina	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	August, 2019
Brasil	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	January 2020
Canada	<i>Grapholita inopinata</i>	July, 2020
Chile	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i>	August, 2019

	<i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	
Colombia	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	June, 2019
Egypt	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	August, 2019
Israel	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	August, 2019
India	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	January, 2020
Japan	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	August, 2019
Lebanon	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	March, 2020
Moldova	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	September, 2019
Morocco	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	September, 2019
New Zealand	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	August, 2019
Republic of North Macedonia	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	July, 2019
Serbia	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	April, 2019
South Africa	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	August, 2019
South Korea	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i>	February, 2019

	<i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	
Tanzania	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	September, 2019
Türkiye	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	June, 2019
Ukraine	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	August, 2019
United Kingdom (applicable to the territory of Great Britain)	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	December 2020
Uruguay	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	August, 2019
Uzbekistan	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	September, 2019
United States	<i>Grapholita inopinata</i>	August, 2019
Zimbabwe	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	August, 2019

(66 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Grapholita prunivora*, *Grapholita inopinata*, *Rhagoletis pomonella*

Country	Area free from <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	Date
United States	California Contra Costa, El Dorado, Fresno, Imperial, Kern, Kings, Los Angeles, Marin, Merced, Monterey, Orange, Riverside, Sacramento, San Benito, San Joaquin, San Bernardino, San Luis Obispo, San Diego, San Francisco, Santa Barbara (in part), Santa Clara, Solano, Stanislaus, Tulare, Ventura, Yolo	August, 2019
	Oregon Umatilla (in part; Milton-Freewater Production Area), Malheur (in part; Ontario Production Area)	August, 2019
	Washington Adams, Asotin, Benton, Columbia, Douglas, Franklin, Grant, Klichitat, Walla Walla, Chelan (in part), Kittitas (in part), Okanogan (in part), Yakima (in part)	August, 2019

	Idaho Boundary, Canyon, Nez Perce, Owyhee, Payette, Gem (in part), Washington (in part)	August, 2019

(66 d) Communicated treatment against *Grapholita prunivora*, *Grapholita inopinata*, *Rhagoletis pomonella*
Treatment data such as chemicals or systems approach **must be on the certificate**

Country	Organism	Treatment	Date
Canada	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	<i>Systems approach</i>	July, 2020
United States (only for: Idaho, Massachusetts, New York, Oregon, Washington)	<i>Grapholita prunivora</i> <i>Rhagoletis pomonella</i>	<i>Systems approach</i>	August, 2019

(67 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Bactericera cockerelli*

Country	Product	Date
Brazil	Solanaceae	July, 2024
Chile	Solanaceae	August, 2019
Costa Rica	Solanaceae	August, 2019
Cuba	Solanaceae	November, 2019
Dominican Republic	Solanaceae	September, 2019
Peru	Solanaceae	May, 2019
Zambia	Solanaceae	October, 2024

(67 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Bactericera cockerelli*

Country	Area	Product	Date
Australia	New South Wales, Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania, Australian Capital Territory, Northern Territory	Solanaceae	February, 2026

(68 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Neoleucinodes elegantalis*

Country	Product	Date
Algeria	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	May, 2025
Australia	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	August, 2019

Belarus	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	April, 2022
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	August, 2019
Burkina Faso	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	December 2019
Canada	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	July, 2019
Canari Islands	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	November, 2019
Chile	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	August, 2019
Costa Rica	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	August, 2019
Cuba	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	November, 2019
Dominican Republic	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	September, 2019
Egypt	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum	August, 2019

	Solanum melongena	
Ghana	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	December, 2019
India	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	January, 2020
Israel	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	August, 2019
Japan	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	August, 2019
Kenya	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	August, 2019
Lebanon	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	March, 2020
Malaysia	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	September, 2020
New Zealand	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	August, 2019
Republic of North Macedonia	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	July, 2019
Rwanda	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum	September, 2025

	Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	
Mexico	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	September, 2019
Moldova	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	September, 2019
Morocco	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	September, 2019
Senegal	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	December, 2019
Serbia	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	April, 2019
Sierra Leone	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	June, 2019
South Africa	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	August, 2019
South Korea	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	February, 2019
Sri Lanka	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	October, 2019
Tanzania	Capsicum annuum	September, 2019

	Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	
Thailand	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	September, 2019
Togo	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	December 2019
Tunesia	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	August, 2019
Türkiye	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	June, 2019
Ukraine	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	August, 2019
United Kingdom (applicable to the territory of Great Britain)	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	December 2020
Uzbekistan	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	September, 2019
United States	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	August, 2019
Zimbabwe	Capsicum annuum Solanum aethiopicum Solanum lycopersicum Solanum melongena	November 2022

(68 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Neoleucinodes elegantalis*

Area	Product	Date

(68.1 a) Areas recognized as being free from *Prodiplosis longifila*

Area	Product	Date

(68.1 d) Communicated treatment against *Prodiplosis longifila*

Treatment data such as chemicals or systems approach **must be on the certificate**

Country	Product	Treatment	Date
Peru	Capsicum	Systems approach	April 2022

(71 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Thrips palmi*

Country	Product	Date
Algeria	Momordica	April 2025
Belarus	Momordica	April 2022
Egypte	Momordica	May 2022
Ghana	Momordica	October 2022
Morocco	Momordica	April 2022
Senegal	Momordica	December 2024

Tanzania	Momordica	November 2022
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(71 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Thrips palmi*

Area	Product	Date

(71.1 a) Areas recognized as being free from *Thrips palmi* (only for *Momordica charantia*)

Area	Product	Date

(71.1 c) Communicated cultural control methods for *Thrips palmi* (only for *Momordica charantia*)

Cultural control measures **must be on the certificate**

Area	Product	Date

(72.1 a) **Countries recognized as being free from *Bactrocera latifrons***

Country	Product	Date
Algeria	Capsicum Solanum	May 2025
Egypte	Capsicum Solanum	May 2022
Israel	Capsicum Solanum	May 2026
Morocco	Capsicum	April 2022

	Solanum	
South Africa	Capsicum Solanum	April 2022
Tunesia	Capsicum Solanum	April 2022
Uzbekistan	Capsicum Solanum	January 2024
Zambia	Capsicum Solanum	October 2024
Zimbabwe	Capsicum Solanum	November 2022

(72.1 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Bactrocera latifrons*

Area	Product	Date

(72.1 d) Communicated treatment against *Bactrocera latifrons*

Treatment data such as chemicals or systems approach **must be on the certificate**

Country	Product	Treatment	Date
Cameroon	<i>Capsicum</i> <i>Solanum</i>	Systems approach	January 2024
Thailand	<i>Capsicum</i> <i>Solanum</i>	Hot water treatment	April 2022
Malaysia	<i>Capsicum</i> <i>Solanum</i>	Heat treatment 50-55°C for 2-4 min	October 2024

(72.2 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Bactrocera dorsalis*

Country	Product	Date
Morocco	Annona Carica papaya	April 2022
Tunesia	Annona Carica papaya	April 2022

(72.2 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Bactrocera dorsalis*

Area	Product	Date
Egypt	Anona Carica Papaya	May 2022

(72.2 d) Communicated treatment against *Bactrocera dorsalis*

Treatment data such as chemicals or systems approach **must be on the certificate**

Country	Product	Treatment	Date
Cameroon	<i>Carica papaya</i>	Systems approach	January 2024
Thailand	<i>Annona</i> <i>Carica papaya (green)</i>	Systems approach	April 2022
	<i>Carica papaya (ripe)</i>	Modified vapor hot water treatment, heat treatment	
Malaysia	<i>Annona</i> <i>Carica papaya</i>	Heat treatment 49°C for 20min	October 2024

(72.3 a) Countries recognized as being free from *Bactrocera dorsalis* and *Bactrocera zonata*

Country	Product	Date
Morocco	Psidium guajava	April 2022
Tunesia	Psidium guajava	April 2022
Egypt (only for <i>Bactrocera dorsalis</i>)	Psidium guajava	Sep 2022
Zambia (only for <i>Bactrocera zonata</i>)	Psidium guajava	Oct 2024

(72.3 b) Areas recognized as being free from *Bactrocera dorsali* and *bactrocera zonata*

Area	Product	Date

(72.3 d) Communicated treatment against *Bactrocera dorsalis* and *Bactrocera zonata*

Treatment data such as chemicals or system approach **must be on the certificate**

Country	Product	Treatment	Date
Thailand	<i>Psidium guajava</i>	Systems approach	April 2022
Egypt (only for <i>Bactrocera zonata</i>)	<i>Psidium guajava</i>	Post-harvest treatment	Sep 2022
Malaysia	<i>Psidium guajava</i>	Post-harvest treatment 46°C for 35 min	Oct 2024

African Countries:

Algeria	Ethiopia	Mozambique
Angola	Gabon	Namibia
Benin	Gambia	Niger
Botswana	Ghana	Nigeria
Burkina Faso	Guinea	Réunion
Burundi	Guinea-Bissau	Rwanda
Cameroon	Kenya	Sao Tome and Principe
Cape Verde	Lesotho	Senegal
Central African Republic	Liberia	Seychelles
Chad, Comoros	Libya	Sierra Leone
Congo	Madagascar	Somalia
Côte d'Ivoire	Malawi	South Africa
Djibouti	Mali	South Sudan
Egypt	Mauritania	Sudan
Equatorial Guinea	Mauritius	Tanzania
Eritrea	Mayotte	The Democratic Republic of the Congo
Eswatini	Morocco	Togo

Tunisia
Uganda

Zambia
Zimbabwe

Asian countries:

Afghanistan
Bahrain
Bangladesh
Bhutan
Brunei
Darussalam
Cambodia
China
India
Indonesia
Iran
Iraq
Japan
Jordan
Kazakhstan
Kuwait

Kyrgyzstan
Laos
Lebanon
Malaysia
Maldives
Mongolia
Myanmar
Nepal
North Korea
Oman
Pakistan
Philippines
Qatar
Russia (only the following parts: Far Eastern
Federal District (Dalnevostochny federalny
okrug), Siberian Federal District (Sibirsky

federalny okrug), and Ural Federal District
(Uralsky federalny okrug)),
Saudi Arabi
Singapore
South Korea
Sri Lanka
Syria, Tajikistan
Thailand
Timor-Leste
Turkmenistan
United Arab Emirates
Uzbekistan,
Vietnam
Yemen

American countries:

Anguilla (United Kingdom)
Antigua and Barbuda
Argentina
Aruba (Netherlands)
Bahamas, The
Barbados
Belize
Bermuda (United Kingdom)
Bolivia
Bonaire (Netherlands)
Bouvet Island (Norway)
Brazil
British Virgin Islands (United Kingdom)

Canada
Cayman Islands (United Kingdom)
Chile
Clipperton Island (France)
Colombia
Costa Rica
Cuba
Curaçao (Netherlands)
Dominica
Dominican Republic
Ecuador
El Salvador
Falkland Islands (United Kingdom)

French Guiana (France)
Greenland (Kingdom of Denmark)
Grenada
Guadeloupe (France)
Guatemala
Guyana
Haiti
Honduras
Jamaica
Martinique (France)
Mexico
Montserrat (United Kingdom)
Navassa Island (United States / Haiti)

Nicaragua	Saint Lucia	Trinidad and Tobago
Panama	Saint Martin (France)	Turks and Caicos Islands (UK)
Paraguay	Flag of Saint-Pierre and Miquelon.svg Saint Pierre and Miquelon (France)	United States (France)
Peru	Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	U.S. Virgin Islands (United States)
Puerto Rico (United States)	Sint Eustatius (Netherlands)	Uruguay
Saba (Netherlands)	Sint Maarten (Netherlands)	Venezuela
Saint Barthélemy (France)	South Georgia and the South Sandwich Islands	
Saint Kitts and Nevis	Suriname	

Solanaceae:

Acnistus, Anisodus, Anthocersis, Anthotroche, Athenaea, Atropa, Atropanthe, Aureliana, Benthamiella, Bouchetia, Brachistus, Browallia, Brugmansia, Brunfelsia, Calibrachoa, Capsicum, Cestrum, Chamaesaracha, Combera, Crenidium, Cuatresia, Cyphanthera, Cyphomandra, Darcyanthus, Datura, Deprea, Discopodium, Duboisia, Dunalia, Dyssochroma, Ectozoma, Eriolarynx, Exodeconus, Fabiana, Grabowskia, Grammosolen, Hawkesiophyton, Heteranthia, Hunzikeria, , yoscyamus, Iochroma, Jaborosa, Jaltomata, Juanulloa, Larnax, Latua, Leptoglossis, Leucophysalis, Lycianthes, Lycium, Lycopersicon, Mandragora, Markea, Melananthus, Merinthopodium, Metternichia, Nectouxia, Nicandra, Nicotiana, Nierembergia, Normania, Nothocestrum, Oryctes, Pantacantha, Petchoa (x Petchoa), Petunia, Phrodos, Physalis, Physochlaina, Plowmania, Protoschwenckia, Przewalskia, Quincula, Rahowardiana, Reyesia, Salpichroa, Salpiglossis, Saracha, Schizanthus, Schultesianthus, Schwenckia, Scopolia, Sessea, Solandra, Solanum, Streptosolen, Symonanthus, Trianaea, Triguera, Tubocapsicum, Vassobia, Vestia, Withania, Witheringia